PALMETTO STANDARD.

[illegible] Editors.

Devoted to General and Local Intelligence, and to the Political, Agricultural and Educational Interests of the State.

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM.
Payable in Advance.

VOLUME IV. CHESTER, S. C., THURSDAY, MAY 12, 1853. NUMBER 19.

Original Poetry.

[illegible] STRAY[illegible].

"O'er hill, over dale,
Thorough bush, thorough briar."

Come stroll through this wild-wood,
My Carie, with me,
All buoyant as [illegible],
As thought [illegible] free.
We'll roam [illegible] meadow
So dewy and bright,
Then seek the cool [illegible]
Of that tall [illegible] height.

Up—o [illegible] towers!
Where [illegible] clung
The bashful young flowers,
This morning in [illegible].

To its bold brow ascending,
So breezy and free,
We [illegible] thy meand'ring,
Our own Congaree.

There throned in thy power,
Thou 'rt queen of the day;
The crowned for an hour—
A [illegible] for aye.

Thy chaplet, my Carie,
Here reigning above,
Shall be fresh and as airy
As wild [illegible] love.

Let the parlored and formal
View caresses with fear;
We grant they may harm all
Who're so modest—O, dear!

But no eye here to censure
The freedom so pure,
We may fearlessly venture
One—kiss, to be sure!

Come, stroll through this wild-wood,
[illegible] Carie, with me,
All buoyant as childhood,
As thoughtful and free.

Edgewood, April [illegible]. J. W. D.

My First Sight of the Ocean.

The Ocean, the Ocean, the deep heaving Ocean!
So [illegible], majestic and free,
As it [illegible] irresistible motion,
Disdaining [illegible] moment to be!
How grand and [illegible] is its foam-crested billow,
As it [illegible] surface, exulting in pride,
And [illegible] the magnificent vessels
That on its broad bosom so gallantly ride!

The Ocean, the Ocean, the wonderful Ocean!
It sighs like a lover—then rages and raves,
As if old Eolus, in dreadful anger,
Had broken the bars of his sea-mossy caves.
Delightful it is to hear the soft murmur
Of [illegible] that roll on the low, sandy shore,
Or [illegible] with awe to the thundering billows
As round the grey rocks they incessantly roar!

The Ocean, the Ocean, the loud roaring Ocean!
'Tis the heart of the world that is throbbing so strong;
And every vibration and gentle pulsation
Is felt through the rivers and streams all along.
[illegible] as the heart in its beating and throbbing
[illegible] the life-blood in every vein,
[illegible] broad Ocean is [illegible] waters
That [illegible] shall return to its bosom again!

The Ocean, the Ocean, the fathomless Ocean!
Its caverns of coral are beautiful—bright;
And in the recesses the Mermaids are dancing
With spirits so joyous and footsteps so light!
The Ocean, the Ocean, the hoary old Ocean!
"The Father of Waters" thou ever shalt be,
And long shall thy waves roll on in their glory—
So [illegible], boundless, majestic and free!

Columbia, S. C. P——.

Selected Sketches.

THE BROKEN HEART.

"I never heard
Of any true affection, but 'twas nipt
With care, that, like the caterpillar, eats
The leaves of the spring's sweetest book, the rose.
MIDDLETON.

It is a common practice with those who have outlived the susceptibility of early feeling, or have been brought up in the gay heartlessness of dissipated life, to laugh at all love stories, and to treat the tales of romantic passion as mere fictions of novelists and poets. My observations on human nature have induced me to think otherwise. They have convinced me, that however the surface of the character may be chilled and frozen by the cares of the world, or cultivated into mere smiles by the hearts of society, still there are dormant fires lurking in the depths of the coldest bosom, which, when once enkindled, become impetuous, and are sometimes desolating in their effects. Indeed I am a true believer in the blind deity, and go to the full extent in his doctrines. Shall I confess it!—I believe in broken hearts, and the possibility of dying of disappointed love. I do not, however, consider it a malady often fatal to my own sex; but I firmly believe it withers down many a lovely woman into an early grave.

Man is the creature of interest and ambition. His nature leads him forth into the struggle and bustle of the world. Love is but the embellishment of his early life, or a song piped in the intervals of the acts. He seeks for fame, for fortune, for space in the world's thought, and dominion over his fellowmen. But a woman's whole life is a history of the affections. The heart is her world: it is there her ambition strives for empire; it is there her avarice seeks for hidden treasures. She sends forth her sympathies on adventure; she embarks her whole soul in the traffic of affections, and if shipwrecked, her case is hopeless—for it is a bankruptcy of the heart.

To a man, the disappointment of love may occasion some bitter pangs; it wounds some feelings of tenderness—it blasts some prospects of felicity; but he is an active being—he may dissipate his thoughts in the whirl of varied occupation, or may plunge into the tide of pleasure; or if the scene of disappointment be too full of painful associations, he can shift his abode at will, and taking as it were the wings of the morning, can "fly to the uttermost parts of the earth, and be at rest."

But woman's is comparatively a fixed, a secluded, and a meditative life. She is more the companion of her own thoughts and feelings; and if they are turned to ministers of sorrow, where shall she look for consolation! Her lot is to be wooed and won; and if unhappy in her love, her heart is like some fortress that has been captured, and sacked, and abandoned, and left desolate.

How many bright eyes grow dim—how many soft cheeks grow pale—how many lovely forms fade away into the tomb, and none can tell the cause that blighted their loveliness! As the dove will clasp its wings to its side, and cover and conceal the arrow that is preying on its vitals, so is it the nature of woman to hide from the world the pangs of wounded affection. The love of a delicate female is always shy and silent. Even when fortunate, she scarcely breathes it to herself; but when otherwise, she buries it in the recess of her bosom, and there lets it cower and brood among the ruins of her peace. With her the desire of her heart has failed. The great charm of existence is at an end. She neglects all the cheerful exercises which gladden the spirits, quicken the pulses, and send the tide of life in healthful currents through the veins. Her rest is broken—the sweet refreshment of sleep is poisoned by melancholy dreams—"dry sorrow drinks her blood," until her feeble frame sinks under the slightest external injury. Look for her, after a little while, and you find friendship weeping over her untimely grave, and wondering that one, who but lately glowed with all the radiance of health and beauty, should so speedily be brought down to "darkness and the worm." You will be told of some wintry chill, some casual indisposition, that laid her low;—but no one knows of the mental malady that previously sapped her strength, and made her so easy a prey to the spoiler.

She is like some tender tree, the pride and beauty of the grove; graceful in its form, bright in its foliage, but with the worm preying at its heart. We find it suddenly withering, when it should be most fresh and luxuriant. We see it drooping its branches to the earth, and shedding leaf by leaf, until, wasted and perished away, it falls even in the stillness of the forest; and as we muse over the beautiful ruin, we strive in vain to recollect the blast or thunderbolt that could have smitten it with decay.

I have seen many instances of women running to waste and self-neglect, and disappearing gradually from the earth, almost as if they had been exhaled to heaven; and have repeatedly fancied that I could trace their death through the various declensions of consumption, cold, debility, languor, melancholy, until I reached the first symptom of disappointed love. But an instance of the kind was lately told to me; the circumstances are well known in the country where they happened, and I shall but give them in the manner in which they were related.

Every one must recollect the tragical story of young Emmet, the Irish patriot: it was too touching to be soon forgotten. During the troubles in Ireland he was tried, condemned, and executed, on a charge of treason. His fate made a deep impression on public sympathy. He was so young—so intelligent—so generous—so brave—so every thing we are apt to like in a young man. His conduct under trial, too, was so lofty and intrepid. The noble indignation with which he repelled the charge of treason against his country—the eloquent vindication of his name—and his pathetic appeal to posterity, in the hopeless hour of condemnation—all these entered deeply into every generous bosom, and even his enemies lamented the stern policy that dictated his execution.

But there was one heart whose anguish it would be impossible to describe. In happier days and fairer fortunes, he had won the affections of a beautiful and interesting girl, the daughter of a late celebrated Irish barrister. She loved him with the disinterested fervour of a woman's first and early love. When every worldly maxim arrayed itself against him; when blasted in fortune, and disgrace and danger darkened around his name, she loved him the more ardently for his very sufferings. If then, his fate could awaken the sympathy even of his foes, what must have been the agony of her, whose whole soul was occupied by his image! Let those tell who have had the portals of the tomb suddenly closed between them and the being they most loved on earth—who have sat at its threshold, as one shut out in a cold and lonely world, from whence all that was most lovely and loving had departed.

But then the horrors of such a grave! so frightful, so dishonoured! there was nothing for memory to dwell on that could soothe the pang of separation—none of those tender though melancholy circumstances, that endear the parting scene—nothing to melt sorrow into those blessed tears, sent, like the dews of heaven, to revive the heart in the parting hour of anguish.

To render her widowed situation more desolate, she had incurred her father's displeasure by her unfortunate attachment, and was an exile from the paternal roof. But could the sympathy and kind offices of friends have reached a spirit so shocked and driven in by horror, she would have experienced no want of consolation, for the Irish are a people of quick and generous sensibilities. The most delicate and cherishing attentions were paid her by families of wealth and distinction. She was led into society and they tried by all kinds of occupation and amusement to disipate her grief, and wean her from the tragical story of her loves. But it was all in vain. There are some strokes of calamity that scathe and scorch the soul—that penetrate to the vital seat of happiness—and blast it, never again to put forth bud or blossom. She never objected to frequent the haunts of pleasure, but she was as much alone there as in the depths of solitude. She walked about in a sad revery, apparently unconscious of the world around her. She carried with her an inward woe that mocked all the blandishments of friendship, and "heeded not the song of the charmer, charm he never so wisely."

The person who had told me her story had seen her at a masquerade. There can be no exhibition of far-gone wretchedness more striking and painful than to meet in such a scene. To find it wandering like a spectre, lonely and joyless, where all around is gay—to see it dressed out in the trappings of mirth and looking so wan and wo-begone, as if it had tried in vain to cheat the poor heart into a momentary forgetfulness of sorrow. After strolling through the splendid rooms and giddy crowd with an air of utter abstraction, she sat herself down on the steps of an orchestra, and looking about for some time with a vacant air, that showed her insensibility to the gairish scene, she began, with the capriciousness of a sickly heart, to warble a little plaintive air. She had an exquisite voice; but on this occasion it was so simple, so touching, it breathed forth such a soul of wretchedness, that she drew a crowd mute and silent around her, and melted every one into tears.

The story of one so true and tender could not but excite great interest in a country remarkable for enthusiasm. It completely won the heart of a brave officer, who paid his addresses to her, and thought that one so true to the dead could not but prove affectionate to the living. She declined his attentions for her thoughts were irrevocably engrossed by the memory of her former lover. He, however, persisted in his suit. He solicited not her tenderness, but her esteem. He was assisted by her conviction of his worth, and her sense of her own destitute and dependent situation, for she was existing on the kindness of friends. In a word, he at length succeeded in gaining her hand, though with the solemn assurance, that her heart was unalterably another's.

He took her with him to Sicily, hoping that a change of scene might wear out the remembrance of early woes. She was an amiable and exemplary wife, and made an effort to be a happy one; but nothing could cure the silent and devouring melancholy that had entered into her very soul. She wasted away in a slow, but hopeless decline, and at length sunk into the grave, the victim of a broken heart.

It was on her that Moore, the distinguished Irish poet, composed the following lines:

She is far from the land where her young hero sleeps,
And lovers around her are sighing;
But coldly she turns from their gaze and weeps,
For her heart in his grave is lying.

She sings the wild songs of her dear native plains,
Every note which he loved awaking—
Ah! little they think, who delight in her strains,
How the heart of the minstrel is breaking!

He had lived for his love—for his country he died.
They were all that to life had entwined him—
Nor soon shall the tears of his country be dried,
Nor long will his love stay behind him!

Oh! make her a grave where the sunbeams rest,
When they promise a glorious morrow.
They'll shine o'er her sleep, like a smile from the west,
From her own loved island of sorrow!

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Multum in Parvo.—Some newspaper publisher, of the credit system school, thus soliloquizes respecting his non-paying subscribers:

Wagons cannot run without wheels, boats without steam, bull frogs jump without legs, or a newspaper be carried on to everlasting time, no more than a dog can wag his tail when he has none. Our subscribers are all good; but what good does a man's goodness do when it don't do you any good? We have no doubt every one thinks that all have paid except him, and, as we are a clever fellow, and his is a little matter, it will make no difference. It would not, if it were only confined to a dozen or a hundred cases; but when the *slow fever* seizes most all, the complaint is altogether too general. As the bull-frogs said, "It's fun for you, but it's death to us."

A gentleman perceiving the common crier of Bristol unemployed, enquired the reason. —"I can't cry to-day, sir, as my wife is just dead!"

PLUTARCH PICTURES.

George McDuffie.

Of all the distinguished men of South Carolina, there was none more gifted than Geo. McDuffie. He was a star of the first magnitude. Honest and sincere in all his actions—a profound jurist—a statesman of the largest experience, he represented his State for many years in the national councils, with a devotion that endeared him to his constituents, and a fullness of knowledge, that placed him in the first rank of legislators. His speeches and his reports as Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, not only established his reputation in America, but in Europe he was hailed as the champion of free trade, and complimented by the statesmen of England, as one of the master spirits of the age. His life, if written by a competent hand, would make a very interesting biography. It would exhibit a poor boy in the humble walks of life, environed with difficulties, yet surmounting these difficulties with an iron will, that ultimately elevated him to a position that commanded the profound respect and admiration of cotemporaries. His career in Congress is too generally known for us to do more than give it a passing glance; and such was the estimation in which he was held by General Jackson that, notwithstanding the violence of the nullification controversy, the old President uniformly expressed the most affectionate regard for McDuffie, saying repeatedly, "that if there was an honest man alive that man was George McDuffie." He was undoubtedly one of the most intelligent men of the age; his mind was eminently logical, and you shall try in vain to find a flaw in his arguments. One might have differed with him in the principles he expressed, but to grant his premises was to concede the argument. His contests with Webster leave no doubt as to the splendor of his intellect; his report on the United States Bank, was the ablest argument ever made on that side of the question; and his speeches on internal improvements, the tariff, the removal of the deposites, and on the expediency of amending the constitution, are all masterly, and seem to exhaust those subjects.

When he rose to speak, there was always a death-like silence in the House—you might have heard a pin drop. His burning enthusiasm, the sparkling of his splendid grey eye, the emphatic enunciation that accompanied every word, held you captive, and step by step he hurried you along with him, from point to point, until you were subdued by the fascinating fervor of his transcendant genius. Nor was he deficient in sarcasm; his speeches in reply to the attacks of that miserable compound of vulgarity and impudence, Tristram Burgess, abound in wit and humor. His comparing General Jackson to Jupiter Tonans, in which Jupiter is represented as seizing the arms of all the Gods, wielding the powers of Pantheon, and giving "the stamp of Fate," was one of the happiest illustrations of executive spoliation that has ever been exhibited by any orator of any age or nation. It was worthy of Demosthenes!

His seat in the convention was to the left of the President, and in the vicinity of Major Hamilton, the revolutionary veteran. You could have recognised McDuffie at a glance. He was of the medium height, and dressed in a claret colored coat that was much too large for him; but his intellectual face attracted you at once, especially when his splendid eye was fired by the excitement of discussion. His hair was black, and cut with mathematical precision, straight from temple to temple, and smoothed down so as to display the shape of his head, which was large and admirably formed. But, alas! there is a hectic flush upon his pale cheek; you perceive that he is daily dying from the immedicable wound he received in his youth. His hands are trembling violently. He is up, but his voice is clear and calm, his enunciation and his manner emphatic. Uttering a bold proposition, he pauses, and his eagle eye glances round the assembly. All is hushed. You might hear your heart beat. But now he dashes into the argument, and you see an intellectual warrior before you brandishing the armor of truth, and wielding the hand of justice for liberty and the rights of man. He speaks like one inspired—his thoughts, words, and action, are sublime—and when he pauses, as if to make a mightier effort, you feel like one entranced, and gaze with wonder at the man whose magic mind and eloquence have bound you captive to his triumphal car.

McDuffie rose rapidly from obscurity to eminence, dividing the future, in the opinion of many, with Mr. Calhoun, who was the first to recognise and to foster the fortunes of the orphan boy. He stepped at once to the head of the bar, and until his election to Congress, he had no competitor in South Carolina, as a lawyer. His practice was very lucrative, and perhaps no lawyer ever acquired so large a fortune in so short a time. In his marriage, too, he was fortunate, leading to the altar one of the proudest and wealthiest beauties of the land—a daughter of Col. Richard Singleton. The issue of this marriage was a lovely daughter, who a few years since turned the head, and won the heart, of young Napoleon Bonaparte.

In his manners, McDuffie had the simplicity of a child. We shall relate an instance which is characteristic of the man. "Your McDuffie is a very singular person!" said a young lady to us on one occasion. "How so?" "Why, I was at the —— Springs, a few months since, and learning that the great Mr. McDuffie was in the house, I went into the corridor to catch a glimpse of him, when who should approach me but the great man himself, saying Miss ——, I have lost my hat; won't you help me to look for it?" "Of course you did?" "Yes," replied the lady, "and found it!" And his appearance on ordinary occasions, was anything but *distingue*. We shall relate an anecdote that occurred only a few days before his election as Governor of the State. We were standing by his side in the House of Representatives, when a member from Charleston, Major John Huger, approached McDuffie, and said, "Give me that chair; I wish it for Col. Warren." "Certainly, sir," replied McDuffie, and handed the chair to Major Huger, who took it to old Colonel Warren, requesting him to relieve himself from the pain of supporting himself on his crutch, for the old hero had lost a leg at the battle of Savannah. A gentleman—we think it was Pickens Butler, the present Senator in Congress—who witnessed the occurrence drew Major Huger aside, saying, "What have you done?" "Who—what?" exclaimed Huger, for the tone of Butler apprised him that he had committed some grievous blunder. "Done, why could you find no chair for Col. Warren, but the one occupied by Mr. McDuffie?" "Mr. *who?*" exclaimed Huger, almost petrified with astonishment. "McDuffie," replied Butler. "Heavens!" cried Huger, "why I took him for a *pindar* man!"

As a public speaker—he never spoke in private—McDuffie was variable in his style. On some occasions, he would be extremely rapid, dashing on with the rapidity of a racer under whip and spur. At other times he would utter a word or two in a low tone, and pause; take up a candle and remove it, as if jealous of its light. He then would utter a sentence, and replace the candle. Suddenly he would startle you by giving vent to a bold axiom, and strike the table with his fist, inflicting a blow that was hard enough to have demolished it. We heard him deliver his famous speech at Charleston, in vindication of his "forty bale theory"—in that he maintained the proposition that forty bales out of every hundred were lost to the *producer*, by the fraudulent operation of the protective system. He spoke *four* hours, very deliberately seeming to think over, and mould every thought before giving it utterance. He used considerable action, indeed it was rather dangerous to have a seat in his vicinity, and more than once we saw General Hayne dodge to avoid a blow from the sweeping arm of the orator. In the course of his argument, he would occasionally relate an anecdote that served to amuse and relieve the audience, and which afforded him a good opportunity to take a fresh start in the great argument he was elaborating.

Poor McDuffie! We see him in our mind's eye, as he stood on that occasion, uttering "thoughts that breathe and words that burn"—bold, impassioned, eloquent—and now alas! he sleeps the sleep that knows no waking, but his memory will long be cherished by his dear native land, and his name embalmed in the brightest page of his beloved Carolina.

◆

YOUNG MEN.

There is no moral object so beautiful to me as a conscientious young man. I watch him as I do a star in heaven; clouds may lay before him, but we know that his light is behind them, and will beam forth again; the blaze of others' popularity may outshine him, but we know that, though unseen, he illuminates his own true sphere. He resists temptation, not without a struggle, for this is not virtue, but he resists and conquers; he bears the sarcasm of the profligate, and it stings him, for that is a trait of virtue, but heals with its own pure touch. He heeds not the watch-word of fashion, if it leads to sin; the Atheist who says, not only in his heart, but with his lips, "There is no God!" controls him not; he sees the hand of a creating God, and rejoices in it.

Woman is sheltered by fond arms and loving counsel; old age is protected by experience, and manhood by its strength; but the young man stands amid the temptations of the world like a self-balanced tower.

Onward then, conscientious youth—raise thy standard; and nerve thyself for goodness. If God has given thee intellectual power, awake in that cause; never let it be said of thee, "He helped to swell the river of sin by pouring his influence into its channel." If thou art feeble in mental strength, throw not that drop into a polluted current. Awake, arise, young man! assume that beautiful garb of virtue! It is difficult to be pure and holy. Put on thy strength, then. Let truth be the lady of thy love—defend her.—*Mrs. Caroline Gilman.*

Nothing is so pernicious as passion.

Select Miscellany.

I WAIT FOR THEE.

What a beautiful picture is the following! And it would make one almost throw away even the pen, and hurry home to his wife—if he has one. What shall repay the loss of such a welcome as this to the bachelor? Not even the luxuries of negative cares—nor the silent hours of study—nor the independence as a man! For without the love of woman in the gentle corner of the heart, all welcomes are indeed cold.

The hearth is swept—the fire is bright,
The kettle sings for tea;
The cloth is spread, the lamp is light,
The muffins smoke in napkins white,
And now I wait for thee.

Come, come, love, home, thy task is done;
The clock ticks listeningly;
The blinds are shut, the curtain down,
The warm chair to the fireside drawn,
The boy is on my knee.

Come home, love, come, his deep fond eye
Looks round him wistfully,
And when the whispering winds go by,
As if thy welcome step were nigh,
He crows exultingly.

In vain—he finds the welcome vain,
And turns his glance on mine,
So earnestly, that yet again
His form unto my heart I strain,
That glance is so like thine.

Thy task is done, we miss thee here;
Where'er thy footsteps roam,
No heart will spend such kindly cheer,
No beating heart, no listening ear,
Like those who wait thee home.

Ah, now along the crisp walk fast
That well known step doth come;
The bolt is drawn, the gate is past;
The babe is wild with joy at last—
A thousand welcomes home.

◆

MR. PRESCOTT'S MODE OF WRITING.

It may not be generally known, that Mr. Prescott, the historian, is deprived of the use of his eyes, and that in his extensive researches into the sources of history, as well as in the preparation of his manuscript, he is obliged to resort to an artificial process, which he thus describes in a letter to Mr. Putnam:

"As you desire, I send you a specimen of my autograph. It is in the concluding page of one of the chapters of the 'Conquest of Peru,' book 3, chapter 3. The writing is not, as you imagine, made by a pencil but is indelible, being made with an apparatus used by the blind. This is a very simple affair, consisting of a frame of the size of a common sheet of letter paper, with brass wires inserted in it to correspond with the number of lines wanted. On one side of this frame is pasted a leaf of thin carbonated paper, such as is used to obtain duplicates. Instead of a pen the writer makes use of a stylus, of ivory or agate, the last better being harder. The great difficulties in the way of a blind man's writing in the usual manner, arise from his not knowing when the ink is exhausted in his pen, and when his lines run into one another. Both difficulties are obviated by this simple writing case, which enables one to do his work as well in the dark as in light. Though my trouble is not blindness, but a disorder of the nerve of the eye, the effect, so far as this is concerned, is the same, and I am wholly incapacitated for writing in the ordinary way. In this manner I have written every word of my historicals.

"This *modus operandi* exposes one to some embarrassments; for as one cannot see what he is doing on the other side of the paper any more than the performer in a tread-mill can see what he is grinding on the other side of the wall, it becomes very difficult to make any corrections. This requires the subject to be pretty thoroughly canvassed in the mind, and all the blots and erasures to be made there before taking up the pen or stylus. This compels me to go over my compositon to the extent of the whole chapter, however long it may be, several times in my mind, before sitting down to my desk. When there, the work becomes one of memory rather than of creation, and the writing is apt to run off glibly enough. A letter which I received some years ago from the French historian, Thierry, who is totally blind, urged me by all means to cultivate the habit of dictation to which he had resorted; and James, the novelist, who has also adopted his habits, finds it favorable to facility of composition. I have too long been accustomed to my own way to change; and, to say the truth, I never dictated a sentence in my life for publication without its falling so flat on my ear, that I felt almost ashamed to send it to the press. I suppose it is habit. One thing I may add; my manuscript is usually too illegible (I have sent you a favorable specimen,) for the press, and it is always fairly copied by amanuenses before it is consigned to the printer. I have accompanied the autograph with these explanations, which are at your service, if you think they will have interest for your readers. My *modus operandi* has the merit of novelty; at least I have never heard of any history-monger who has adopted it beside myself.

Let no one overload you with favors; you will find it an insufferable burden.

Santa Anna.—Santa Anna is tall in stature, of a pale complexion, with black eyes and black curling hair. He is exceedingly graceful in manners, polite and fluent in conversation. He is said to do as good execution with his tongue as with his well-tried sword. None can resist the fascination of his flowing and insinuating words. Though always artful and cunning, his manners seem but the perfection of ease and nature.

Santa Anna entered public life as early as 1821. At the head of rebels against Iturbide, he seized upon Vera Cruz. Upon the dethronement of Iturbide, Santa Anna became great under the Republic. Soon after he was instrumental in its destruction. In 1829, he was driven into exile. In 1832, he was recalled and elected President of Mexico. Soon after he passed the Rio Grande with 10,000 men to reduce Texas, which had revolted, to subjection. Made prisoner by Gen. Houston, he was released on the promise that he would acknowledge the independence of Texas. He soon broke his promise.

In 1841, during another revolution, he was chosen President. In 1845, he was again exiled, and fled to Havana. In 1846, he was recalled.—Soon followed the Mexican war. When victory declared in favor of the United States, Santa Anna, of course, fled. Revolution after revolution has followed in quick succession in Mexico. Cool, wise and prudent, Santa Anna always bides his time; he never fails to make something out of anarchy and confusion. He is now again recalled, and elected with unexampled unanimity, at the head of the government. Meanwhile we must await another revolution.

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Marriages.—Marriage is to a woman at once the happiest and the saddest event of her life; it is the promise of future bliss raised on the death of all present enjoyments. She quits her home, her parents, her companions, her occupations, her amusements, everything on which she has hitherto depended for comfort, for affection, for pleasure. The parents by whose advice she has been guided, the sisters to whom she dared impart every embryo thought and feeling, the brother who oft has played with her, by turns the counsellor and the counselled; and the younger children, to whom she has hitherto been the mother and the playmate, all are to be forsaken at one fell stroke; every former tie is loosened, the spring of every hope and action is to be changed; and yet she flies with joy into the untrodden path before her. Buoyed up by the confidence of requited love, she bids a fond and grateful adieu to the life that is past, and turns with excited hopes and joyous anticipations to the happiness to come. Then woe to the man who can blight such fair hopes—who can treacherously lure such a heart from its peaceful enjoyment, and the watchful protection at home—who can, cowardlike, break the illusions that have won her, and destroy the confidence which love had inspired. And more than all, tenfold misery should be the portion of him who gains the affections of a trusting woman by appearing to be better than he is, and suffers future time to develope his bad qualities after her fate is irrevocably linked with his.

◆

An Antidote.—"Baby carts on narrow side-walks are awful bores, especially to a hurried business man."

Are they? Suppose you and a certain pair of blue eyes, that you would give half your patrimony to win, were joint proprietors of that baby! I shouldn't dare to stand *very near you* and call it "a nuisance." It's all very well for bachelors to turn up their *single blessed* noses at these little dimple Cupids, but just wait till their time comes! See 'em the minute their name is written "papa," pull up their dickies, and strut off down street, as if the Commonwealth owed them a pension! When they enter the office, see their old married partner (to whom babies have long since ceased to be a novelty) laugh in his sleeves at the new-fledged dignity with which *that* baby's advent is announced! How perfectly astonished they feel that they should have been so infatuated as not to perceive that a man is *a perfect cypher* till he is at the head of a family! How frequently one may see them now, looking in at the shop windows, with interest, at little hats, coral beads and bells, and baby-jumpers. Now they love to come home to dinner, and press that little velvet cheek to their *business faces*! Was there ever any music *half* so sweet to their ear as its *first lisped* "*papa?*" Oh, how closely and imperceptibly, one by one, that little plant winds its tendrils round the parent stem! How anxiously they hang over its cradle when the cheek flushes and the lip is fever parched; and how wide and deep, and long a shadow in their happy home its *little grave* would cast!

My dear sir, depend upon it, *one's own baby is never "a nuisance."* Love heralds its birth!

FANNY FERN.

Some one computes that the rats of this country destroy fifteen millions of dollars worth of property every year. No allusions to politics.

As daylight can be seen through the smallest holes, so do the most trifling things show a person's character.

THE PALMETTO STANDARD.

THE ANNOYANCES OF POVERTY.

[illegible] Mr. Raymond himself, of the New York Times, or some equally capable [illegible] that throws off occasionally a capital [illegible] subjects chosen at random, are [illegible] and familiar language, and [illegible] themselves to the reader's attention [illegible] agreeable quaintness of style [illegible] moral tone. Here is one [illegible]

[illegible] of the worst annoyances of poverty [illegible] debars [illegible] from many privileges [illegible] at first glance, seem to be [illegible]. A [illegible] man can afford to [illegible] [illegible] wear a [illegible] [illegible] cannot wear [illegible] the exact[illegible] [illegible] of any build[illegible] [illegible] second story of [illegible] [illegible] have his [illegible] [illegible] can afford to [illegible] [illegible] whose only earthly [illegible] of a thousand per an[num] [illegible] in her parlor [illegible] equally costly [illegible] with a three shil[ling] [illegible] neat and lovely [illegible] jewelry about her, while [illegible] wear her four [illegible] loaded with golden or[naments] [illegible] her three dollar [illegible] may amuse [illegible] the Croton [illegible] poverty [illegible] and be [illegible] before [illegible] of his front door, on [illegible] the level of a "man ser[vant]" [illegible] can refuse to sub[illegible] we are mean. [illegible] an income a fran[illegible] and its [illegible] was ever noted [illegible] he is applauded [illegible] on the hun[illegible] we are ashamed. [illegible] can afford to wear a [illegible] the young licentiate [illegible] a new one, and not one [illegible]

[illegible] on foot, [illegible] always did, when [illegible] more than $10,000 [illegible] an omnibus [illegible] [illegible] very [illegible] money. A lawyer in [illegible] to walk leisurely [illegible] and business [illegible] sometimes [illegible] General [illegible] the "unterrified" [illegible] to favor of [illegible] candidate for [illegible] elections, [illegible] cost for such an occasion, [illegible] half hour at the barber's [illegible]

[illegible] Lobster.—There was [illegible] where this [illegible] the other eve[ning] [illegible] was "some dels" fond of lob[sters], [illegible] carrying a basket of [illegible] with his dog by his side, [illegible] bystander was sticking the [illegible] his cane into one of the disengaged [illegible] of a big fellow at the top.

"How he does hold on!" said the man [illegible]

[illegible] the dog, [illegible] and his [illegible] But he [illegible] on to a critter, or you or I, in [illegible] Whenever he gits anything givin', [illegible]

[illegible] said the owner of the basket, [illegible] your dog's tail in that there claw, [illegible] see whether he'll hold on to't or [illegible]

[illegible] sooner said than done, the lobster lover [illegible] up his dog, dropped [illegible] into the [illegible] claw, which closed instantly, and the [illegible] sudden pain," ran off, howling at the top of his speed.

"Hallo!" exclaimed the owner, "whistle back your dog, he's runnin' off with the lob[ster]."

"Whistle back your lobster!" rejoined the other; "that dog ain't coming back; [illegible] pain. I can't get him to come [illegible] he's in pain."

[illegible] humane citizen dined that day upon [illegible] as there was in that basket, [illegible]

Mrs. Partington at the Opera.—We were surprised, at the opera last evening, by having a hand placed upon our shoulder. It was a gentle touch, altogether unlike certain [illegible] touches on the shoulder that delinquent men so much dread. It came at a time [illegible] were all absorbed by the melody of the charming Sontag, and were provoked at the [illegible]. "Will you be kind enough to [illegible] your observatory?" asked a voice [illegible] thought we remembered. Looking [illegible] "Great heavens!" we cried, "Mrs. Partington!" It was, indeed, that estimable [illegible], but yet it was not; for the black bon[net had] disappeared, and a new rigolette [illegible] her venerable poll, beneath which [illegible] of wavy grey was securely tuck[ed]. But the smile was there, as warm as a [illegible] morning at nine o'clock. She repeated [illegible] request to use the pearl and diamond [illegible] opera glass that we had hired at [illegible] for twenty five cents—denomina[ting it] an "observatory." "Is this the right [illegible]" said she; "I suppose I shall have to digest it to my sight, for my poor visionary [illegible] are giving out." She levelled both barrels at the singers at once and brought them down to her, and Pozzolini directed three successive appeals to her tenderness. "[illegible] take 'em," she said, as she handed the [illegible], "I can't understand better with that—I should have bought one of the lab'ratories at the door." She beat time gracefully to the music for a while upon the cover of her snuff box, and then went out, like an exhausted candle, to try and light on Ike, who was trading for a jacknife with another boy on the gallery stairs.—*Boston Post.*

A man who shows any desire to do good is made a packhorse; and those who cannot use him, call him a hypocrite.

Last Moments of the Vice President.—The Southern Republic has received from Mr. F. K. Beck—a kinsman of the Vice President—a brief account of the last moments of Mr. King. It says: "He was quiet and resigned to the fate which he has seen for some time awaited him. Shortly before six o'clock on Monday evening, while a few friends were sitting around his bedside, the only ones that he would allow in his sick room, he suddenly remarked that he was dying. The watchers arose to their feet, under some excitement, when the Colonel said —'Be still—make no noise—let me die quietly.' He refused to have the balance of his household notified of his dying condition. His physician came in and examined him. The Colonel said to him—'Doctor, I am dying. It seems as though I shall never get through with it. I am dying very hard. Take the pillow up under my head.' The pillows were accordingly taken from under his head; but affording no relief the Doctor turned him from his back on his side, when he died in a moment."

A horrible calamity has just occurred in Paris, and it may be well to make it known, as such accidents ought to serve as examples. A gentleman, feeling a slight itching in his ear, took up a friction match in order to dispel it. In the ardor of a conversation he was sustaining he introduced the sulphur end; the contact soon produced ignition, and the downy lining of the ear caught fire, a portion of the sulphur adhered to the flesh and burnt there persistently. The unfortunate man never spoke again. His sufferings were so agonizing that his tongue became powerless; and after two days' torment and unavailing efforts of the surgeons, he died.

Double Homicide.—We learn by the *South Carolinian* that a very dreadful homicide was perpetrated near Maybinton, on Friday last, the particulars of which are nearly as follows:

It seems that Mr. John D. Sims had on his plantation an overseer who had become objectionable to him, and whose removal from his premises he sought to effect. After a conversation, an altercation ensued, when the wife of the overseer, being armed with a pistol, threatened to shoot Mr. Sims. [illegible] armed with a double barrel [illegible] immediately shot [illegible] enraged at this, the overseer [illegible] his son to bring his gun to [illegible], when the latter levelled his gun and killed the overseer.

PALMETTO STANDARD.

EDITORS:

SAM'L W. MELTON, C. DAVIS MELTON.

CHESTER, S. C.

THURSDAY, MAY 12, 1853.

The Third District.

We have not received the full returns of the election for Representative from the third Congressional District. Enough, however, has been ascertained to render certain the election of L. M. Keitt, of Orangeburg by a majority of at least three hundred votes, over his competitor Col. W. A. Owens.

The Bishop of South Carolina.

The Rev. Thomas F. Davis, of Camden, was elected on Wednesday, by the Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church at Charleston, Bishop of the Diocese of this State, in the place of the lamented Bishop Gadsden. The competitor who received the next highest vote was Rev. Mr. Shand, of Trinity Church, Columbia. We extract from the Charleston *Standard* of Thursday, the following short biographical notice of the new Bishop:

The Rev. Thomas F. Davis, who was yesterday elected Bishop of the Diocese of this State, is a native of North Carolina. He commenced life at Wilmington, in that State, as a lawyer, and had reached to considerable professional and political eminence. Being converted, though late in life, he immediately abandoned his secular pursuits, and studied for the ministry. He preached in North Carolina, until he was called to the charge of the Episcopal Church at Camden, in this State, which Church he has continued to serve, for several years, so much to the satisfaction of its most zealous members, as to gain their confidence and affection, and their warm support for the high position he has now attained. They, who know him best, speak favorably of his character for learning and piety. We know nothing certain of his views as to High and Low Church, but we understand that he is most acceptable to the moderate men of both parties.

Editorial Correspondence.

American Hotel,
Columbia, May 9th, '53.

Whilst regretting that my engagements have been such as to hinder the performance of my accustomed duties, this week, the thought occurs that perhaps some *amende* may be made, or at least a column filled, by dotting down some of the facts and ideas gathered during my sojourn here, and which may prove not entirely void of interest to many of our readers.

The *Banner* recently copied a letter written by a distinguished visitor from a Northern State, in which an opinion was expressed giving to our Capital the enviable distinction of being the most beautiful town in the Union. However this may be, surely no one can visit Columbia in the month of May, without being charmed with its many and peculiar beauties; and especially so, if the visiter, like myself should have last seen it when robed in the gloomy mantle of winter. Now, almost a forest of shade-trees, clothed with the freshness of Spring, imparts to the town much of the air of the country; and the many gardens, justly the pride and ornament of Columbia, are adorned with rare and lovely flowers, delighting the eye with their rich beauty and giving forth a sweet and grateful fragrance.

There has been a general rush during the last week, and all of the hotels are full: indeed, I have been told, that there never has been, at this season of the year, such a crowd of strangers in Columbia as at present. The "American" is getting a full share of patronage, especially amongst the fairer portion of creation whose charms are so bewitching and in such profusion as almost to drive from its high purpose the will of an anchorite, and, at table particularly, greatly frighten him from the proper mastication of his *pabulum*, much to the detriment of his well-being. Every one knows that Mrs. Fleming is quite a connoisseur of the good things of life and an adept in every thing pertaining to table comforts and delicacies. I have never received better attention or found a more comfortable and agreeable house any where. Mr. Fleming is kind and attentive, studious to please, and succeeds well in making one feel at ease and perfectly at home. I was agreeably surprised to find every thing so quiet and orderly, and an entire absence of that noise and constant disturbance which is not the most trifling annoyance to which the traveller is subjected.

I cannot discover that Columbia has suffered any very serious injury, by reason of the extension of Rail-roads into the up-country. Cotton-town, it is true, is almost deserted, and no longer presents its former busy and animated appearance; but the main part of the town is as lively as ever, and bears the marks of an increased spirit of industry and enterprise on the part of the citizens. Many beautiful buildings are in process of erection. The Presbyterian Church, occupying the site of the old building, will be a magnificent edifice, well worthy of the cause to which it is dedicated and of the reputation and marked ability of its Pastor. The new State House, to be built entirely of granite from the surrounding country, is planned upon a scale much more in keeping with the character and reputation of the State. The College Hall, to be built of brick, is no doubt rapidly approaching its completion, having already risen six feet in six months. Inasmuch as these are public buildings, they will probably be completed in the course of human events, and of course reflect great credit on the promptness, skill and energy of the contractors.

On Thursday and Friday evenings, I attended the exercises of the May Exhibition of the Senior Class. It was a source of the most unalloyed pleasure to be permitted again to enter the old familiar place, and grasp in friendly greeting the hand of those, whom the experience of youth has taught me to love, respect and venerate. Indeed, I have known but few seasons fraught with a more substantial and grateful enjoyment. The Chapel was well filled, and by a greater proportion of [illegible] than usual. The performances were very creditable, much more so than could be reasonably expected; inasmuch as the Faculty could exercise no power whatever in giving out appointments, but were compelled to include the entire class, eleven in number. The general reader will not be much interested in the sketch I propose to make of the performances; but as a goodly number of our subscribers will be gratified to read anything pertaining to the College, the fault, if there be any, will readily be pardoned.

The Exercises were opened on Thursday evening by Mr. Cuthbert, who discussed at some length, the claims of the Troubadours on Modern Literature, ascribing to their productions a weighty influence in producing the splendid results attained since the revival of letters in Europe. Mr. DeTreville's subject was "Enthusiasm;" which he made to occupy the central chamber of the heart, and pourtrayed with skill the effect which, as a motive power, it has exerted on the destiny of nations. Mr. J. B. Anderson's speech on the "Martyrs of Science" was delivered in a tone so low as to debar the pleasure it might otherwise have given to the audience. Mr. Evins spoke well, having for his theme a subject well adapted to the display of oratorical ability. He recounted the story of the love and sufferings of Torquato Tasso, the unfortunate Italian Poet, and successfully vindicated his reputation from the charge of insanity,—the grossest insult that can be given to a great and noble mind. The effect was much marred, however, by a too exclusive adherence to the narrative style and to biographical detail.

Mr. Perrin, on Popular Delusions, made a happy hit, and treated a good subject with much good sense. He touched severely upon the singular infatuation which is at present affecting some of the best minds in the country, in reference to spiritual-rappings: and, involuntarily of course, directed his remarks rather pointedly at the Senior Editor of the *Patriot*, who occupied a conspicuous position upon the stage. Mr. Perry seemed to be ill at ease under the sharp castigation, and reminded me very much of the individual who was sent for and couldn't go. Mr. Leverett closed the exercises, with an address on Literature as an Index to National Character. He argued with considerable force the position, that every nation is characterized by a single and predominant idea, stamped upon her literature and marking out for her an especial destiny. In the course of his speech, he dwelt with much severity on the conduct of the people of South Carolina, in permitting the works of Calhoun to lie upon the shelf, neglected and forgotten.

On Friday evening, Mr. Pape vindicated the character of Swedenborg, in a speech of some merit and to us of considerable interest. The life of Sweedenborg is full of strange incidents, and his opinions are startling and quite at variance with the old and orthodox notions of things; and although we may, with the speaker, ascribe to him an honest motive, and the merit of having made some great discoveries, yet we can never be prepared to view with charity his strange and incoherent theories. Mr. Whetstone sketched the progress of the Revolution of 1688; and treated it as one of the great convulsions which are now and then necessary to the progress of the human race.

Mr. M. G. Anderson's address was well written, replete with many and striking sentiments, and delivered in a forcible and effective manner. He developed the analogy between the nation and the individual, and arguing from the latter to the former, demonstrated the necessity of Virtue, as the safeguard of our Republic. Mr. Goodwyn drew a contrast between the military characters of Hannibal and Bonaparte, and strangely enough concluded that the former was by far the greater general. Mr. Middleton, the heir-apparent to the first honor, closed the performances with a fine eulogy on the English common law, the great charter, and the noble Institutions of old England. He pourtrayed, with a master hand, the benefits conferred upon the human race wherever the English language is spoken, by British laws and civilization. It was really an excellent effort and fully met the expectation which the audience had been led to form from his acknowledged ability.

Miss Ellen Brennan, of Columbia, aided by Mad. Hammarskold, of Charleston, made her first appearance in public, on Wednesday evening, at the American Hall. I understand that she was greeted by a large and intelligent audience, and acquitted herself with entire success. On Saturday evening, I attended the musical soiree, given by Miss Brennan, at the earnest solicitations of the citizens and visitors who had been prevented from hearing her on Wednesday. I have heard voices which excelled Miss Brennan's in power and volume, but none which approached its sweetness and delightful melody of tone. It has a powerful compass, reaches the highest passages she attempts with the utmost ease, and is withal a very effective contralto. I have heard the most competent judges express the opinion, that all that is necessary to render her voice capable of the highest effort, is a complete training under the best masters; which, by the way, I understand is to be afforded by a visit to Italy.

The best pieces performed during the evening were "Casta Diva" and that delightful little song, "Coming thro' the rye." The former, a very difficult piece, was extremely well executed, though the effect was somewhat marred by a shocking accompaniment on the Piano. It is much to be feared that a residence in Italy, though it may develop to perfection an already superior voice, will have a tendency to dismiss the inimitable grace and simplicity of manner which attends her every movement, and which in the latter piece was almost as charming as the singing itself.

I have no doubt that if Miss Brennan could be prevailed upon to pay Chester a visit, she would be greeted by a large and admiring audience; not only in compliment to her fine singing, but as well from the fact, as I understand, that she is a native of Chester District, and as such would meet with a hearty welcome from our citizens.

I noticed in the concert room, on Saturday evening, amongst other notables, the Hon. Jas. L. Orr, of Anderson, whose bearing in the Halls of National Legislation for the last few years has rendered him a man of note. Mr. Orr's appearance is very different from the idea I had previously entertained. He is quite a large, heavy built man, with a ruddy complexion, and a small black eye that betokens great tact, and an ability to manage well whatever he undertakes. I judge that he would enjoy a fine dinner about as well as he would a diplomatic appointment; though he is, nevertheless, an able, energetic, and ambitious man, and one who has not yet reached the point of culmination.

Sunday, I attended service at the College Chapel, and heard an excellent sermon from the learned Chaplain, Dr. Thornwell. He dwelt with much force and eloquence on the all-sufficiency of the Christian religion, and drew with remarkable clearness the line of distinction between the old and the new dispensations: "the inherent, essential and underived immortality of the Priest" of the latter, constituting its specific difference and the ground of its efficacy. Dr. Thornwell says nothing trite and common-place, nor does he in the least weary the attention of the hearer; but, on the contrary, he possesses the rare faculty of keeping alive the attention, whilst he impresses upon the mind thoughts of extraordinary depth and force, well calculated otherwise to exhaust the energies of the listener.

The table-moving mania has reached Columbia, and is creating quite an excitement in the "highest circles." The good sense of the citizens, however, has hitherto deterred them from conversing with the spirit-world, and the experiments have been made only with the view of whiling away an hour or two in a pleasing and harmless pastime. The experiment can be performed at any time by a company of four or five persons, arranged around a table, by placing the little finger of the right hand on that of the left of the person sitting next, and pressing gently with the palm of the hand on the edge of the table. It will take from a half to three quarters of an hour to set the table in motion, but it is well worth the time to witness the rare and fantastic capers cut by the inanimate quadruped. Care should be taken that no part of the dress or person of the operators come in contact with the table or each other, and to prevent this the chairs should be placed twelve or eighteen inches apart.

The Trustees of the College have at last acceded to the petition of the Students, and granted the privilege of boarding out of Commons, on certain conditions. They have taken a step in the right direction, but have not yet done all that the welfare of the College demands. But more of this, anon.

S. W. M.

FOR THE PALMETTO STANDARD.

A Chapter on Sacks.

In the second year of the reign of Millard, whose surname is Filmore, over the nation that is called America, there arose a strife among the daughters of the land; about their garments, for their hearts had waxed proud by reason of the prosperity of the land, and said one to another: Go to now; let us change the garments that our mothers did wear; let us make unto ourselves other garments of many colors of scarlet, blue and purple, and of fine linen; and let us make them after the manner of men's apparel, for behold our husbands require of us submission, as it were thus to humble ourselves unto them; peradventure, they will increase our burdens, take away our rights and make us bondwomen. Now, therefore, let us show unto the men of the land that we are not bondwomen but free. Then stood up one whose name was Susannah, the wife of James, surnamed, Bloomer, which being interpreted, signifieth Henpecked, and said: Ye women of America, hearken unto my voice, and make unto yourselves breeches, whereby ye shall be known as free women and not bondwomen. But the saying pleased them not; nevertheless, a few gave heed to her voice, but the rest knew not what to do, and as is the custom of women from the time which memory of man runneth not to the contrary, they lifted up their voice and wept. Then a certain woman from the city of Indolence, in the land of Slovenly Habits, rose up before them and said: It is a shame for a daughter of America to wear breeches, but this do I commend, that we make unto ourselves garments of silk and wool, and fine linen, like unto those worn by our husbands, called in the English tongue, sacks. And then we shall be free from the gaze of man when we go into the streets, and especially the idle fellows who stand in the market places and at the corners of the streets to behold us as we pass by; for men do not like to look upon women ill-favored and deformed; for behold when we put on the sack they cannot tell whether we be old or young, fair to look upon or crook-backed; for behold it hangeth like a bag and touches only on the shoulders; and besides this, if we wear a sack, peradventure, we shall not have need of anything else clean, because it covereth all the uncleanness of the other garments, and saveth much soap and toil; and moreover when the young men do take unto themselves wives from among us, they cannot tell the hump-shouldered and wiry-necked from the well favored and comely; so shall we deceive them, even as Laban deceived our father Jacob in the matter of Leah. This saying pleased them well, and they lifted up their voices and shouted, making a great tumult, and every one departed to her own house and made unto herself and to all her serving women, sacks of divers colors, so that in every house and every congregation of the people, sacks were abundant. And men were pleased because it saved them their breeches, and they knew not the thing that was hidden therein, and were as birds taken in an evil net. And the daughters of America were no longer restrained to attire themselves with neatness, for the sacks covered all the rags of their garments and all the defilements thereof. And no man dared to wag a tongue against them because it was the law of fashion, and whoever spake against it was put out of the synagogue and pronounced a heathen and an infidel.

J. T. C.

Mississippi Senator.—Gov. Foote was to have commenced the canvass as a candidate for U. S. Senator in Vicksburg, on last Thursday. The Jackson *Flag* of the Union learns that the Hon. Jeff. Davis will be, ultimately, the opponent of Gov. Foote for the U. S. Senate.

Edwin DeLeon.—The Washington Correspondent N. Y. Daily Times says that Edwin DeLeon, Esq., formerly co-editor of the Columbia, S. C. Telegraph, and recently co-editor of the Washington Southern Press, will almost certainly be appointed Consul to Melborne, Australia, which is nearly or quite as valuable now as a Liverpool Consulate.

Turkey.—A telegraphic despatch states that matters were assuming a serious aspect at Constantinople. Prince Menschikoff had been rather peremptory since the arrival of the British and French ambassadors, and he threatened to leave unless his demands were instantly complied with. The massacre of several Greeks (Christians) at Prorassa, had probably furnished him with a pretext for demanding the largest show of favor, for if there was not protection for the Greek Christians, he considered the safety of all questionable. Nothing is said in the official despatches of the disturbances at Constantinople, but it is said that the Porte is concentrating troops there and around the capital, and that he is sending out war steamers to watch the movements of the Russian fleet.

Despatches from Trieste to Constanople confirm the rumor of Menschikoff having threatened to leave the capital unless his demands were speedily granted. Lord De Radcliffe had an interview with the Sultan, which it was thought would, one way or the other, produce a definite policy. The Sultan, it is said, would yield to the demands of Russia, if he was not assured of support from England, or that he would reject such demands if he had such assurance.

Narrow Escape.—A man by the name of Charles Johnson was some time since tried in Monmouth in a verdict of guilty, but failed to pronounce the *degree* of guilt. Some few hours after, the Court becoming aware of the error, the jury were recalled, and pronounced it murder in the *first* degree—punishment death. The counsel for the prisoner took exceptions to this proceeding, and asked for a new trial, which was granted. After a most thorough trial, lasting ten days, in which the most profound legal ability was displayed on both sides, and an able charge from Judge Haines, bearing heavily against the prisoner, the Jury returned a verdict of *not guilty*! The facts of the case, taken together, afford a curious commentary upon trial by jury.

New-York Crystal Palace.—The neighborhood of the Crystal Palace—or what there is of it, the New-York Tribune says, presented a curious appearance on Sunday. A prodigious crowd of some ten or fifteen thousand persons thronged about it. There is every appearance that it will be rendered a scene of wide-spread dissipation. Dram shops are starting up everywhere in the neighborhood, and drunkenness will constitute a prominent branch of the world's industry.

Taken Up.—On Sunday night week a negro man was captured in this town, who turns out to be Jim, slave of the late Mrs. Cunningham, of Liberty Hill, Lancaster District. Mrs. Cunningham, some eight months ago, was found dead, hanging to a peach-tree in her garden. The circumstances were such as to lead to the conclusion that Jim and his wife were concerned in her death. Jim ran away, and has lain out up to this time. He was taken from Marlborough Jail on Saturday last, and carried back to stand his trial.

Genl. Haynau's Corpse.—A most extraordinary account has reached us in a private letter from Vienna to a high personage here, and has been the talk of our saloons for the last few days. It appears that the circumstance of the death of General Haynau presented a phenomenon of the most awful kind on record. For many days after death the warmth of life yet lingered in the right arm and left leg of the corpse, which remained limp and moist, even bleeding slightly when pricked. No delusion, notwithstanding, could be maintained as to the reality of death, for the other parts of the body were completely mortified, and interment became necessary before the two limbs above mentioned has become either stiff or cold. The writer of the letter mentioned that this strange circumstance has produced the greatest awe in the minds of those who witnessed it, and that the emperor had been so impressed with it that his physicians had strictly forbidden the subject to be alluded to in his presence.—*Paris Correspondence of the Atlas.*

The Oregon Pea.—A new pea has been cultivated in the vicinity of Memphis for a year past, with which farmers are much pleased. The Eagle of that city says that according to all accounts, this is the best species of the pea now cultivated. The stalk grows to a height of from four to six feet; the pea is a great luxury for the table, and is preferred to corn by cattle. The stalk makes good hay, for which purpose the yield is said to be twice as much as any thing ever grown in this country in the shape of hay. The plant thrives finely upon such land as is generally thrown out, and, while it produces abundantly, it improves the land more than clover, or anything that can be grown upon it. These are the opinions of well known gentlemen, whose certificates the editor has seen.

The Oregon Pea should be planted about the same time and cultivated like cotton. It will, however, produce a fair crop if planted in June. The pea grows well sown broadcast, and will lie on the ground all winter, and come up in the spring; hence hogs can feed on them all the time. The hay is the best ever used, for any stock that eats hay. The leaves (which make the most luxuriant appearance) do not fall off in saving the hay.

Mr. P. B. Pomeroy has a small parcel of this pea planted in the vicinity of the city, and will be able to report upon it in a few months.—*Mobile Tribune.*

Babies.—The "Woman's Rights" Association of Bedford, Mass., presented a Mr. Cogswell, a short time since, with a rag baby, as a testimonial of their respect for his ridicule. His wife, indignant at the "strong minded women," the other day presented him t'other kind of a baby, which she says is more than the woman's rights advocates can do.

Wisdom in a Wife.—Tupper, speaking of the choice of a wife, says "hath she wisdom? It is well, but beware that thou exceed!"

My dear sir, wasn't you caught napping that time? Didn't you speak in meeting! Did'nt cloven foot peep out of your literary shoe! Don't it take an American woman to see through you? Isn't that a tacit acknowledgment that there are women who do "exceed?" Wouldn't you think so if you lived this side of the pond? Hope you don't judge us by John Bull's daughters, who stupefy themselves on roast beef and porter. I tell you, Yankee women are on the squirrel order. You'd loose your English breath trying to follow them. There isn't a man here in America that knows as much as his wife. Some of them own it, and some don't, but they all believe it like gospel. They ask our opinion about everything. Sometimes straight forward, and sometimes in a circle, but they ask it! There are petticoats in the pulpit, petticoats in the editorial chair, petticoats in the lecturer's desk, petticoats behind the counter, petticoats labelled "M. D." Oh, "they exceed!" no mistake about that. All femality is wide awake, over here, Mr. Tupper. They crowd, and jostle, and push, just as if they wore hats. I don't uphold them in that, because, as I tell them, 'tis better policy to play possum and wear the mask of submission. No use in rousing any unnecessary antagonism. But they don't all know as much as I do. I shall reach the goal just as quick in my velvet shoes, as if I trampled on rough-shod as they do, with their Woman's Rights Convention brogans!

Fanny Fern.

Power of Memory.—The Illustrated News, says:

We have often heard extraordinary anecdotes of the memory—of men who could commit long poems by heart on hearing them once read, and the like; but when the dryness of the subject is taken into consideration, we cannot remember any instance more singular than that of Her von Nieublin, the celebrated German scholar, who was once a clerk in the bank of Copenhagen: in that capacity he gave proof of the miraculous power of his memory, by restoring from recollection alone, the whole contents of a leaf in the bank ledger, which had been lost by fraud or accident.

Boys are sometimes endowed with remarkable memories. The Keen family of the State of Texas, consisted of three girls and a boy—the latter only four years old. They were all sitting round the fire one evening engaged in telling how far back they could recollect. One of the girls recollected when she had a "doll that winked with both eyes. Another recollected when she was a little baby at the breast and Nancy tickled her feet." Johnny Keen who was the last and least of them all, said he recollected "*wuss than that.*"

"How wuss?" said all the girls in a breath.

"Oh! I recollect three weeks afore I'ze born, and how I cried all the time *for fear I'd be a girl.*"

Mrs. Howard, of Napoleon Notoriety.—The following extract of a letter from a Baltimore correspondent of the New-Orleans Crescent, gives some interesting particulars of this celebrated woman:

"The late marriage of the Emperor of France, and the putting away of Mrs Howard, as she is called, his former mistress, has a peculiar interest here. This Mrs. Howard is the daughter of a distinguished family in this city, but has long been considered by them as dead. When young, she was distinguished for her beauty and wit, as well as her extraordinary amorous propensities. She went to England, was introduced into the highest society there by the daughter of a Maryland family, who is now one of the brightest ornaments of the British nobility. There she was married to a titled gentleman, and after committing a number of indiscretions and giving her friends an infinite degree of trouble and anxiety, finally irretrieveably disgraced herself by eloping with a gay young officer. After being in succession the mistress of several noblemen, she attached herself to Louis Napoleon, with whom she has remained a number of years. A real affection is said to have existed between them, several children having been the fruit of their connection. Her banishment to England and her rumored abstraction of important secret papers from the Emperor's private appartment, is the last phase in her eventful life. After her fall, finding her reclamation impossible, her friends here announced her dead, and even went through the ceremony of interring her supposed remains in Greenmount Cemetery, and to them she is, to all intents, morally, if not physically dead.

Many years ago an ingenious plan was adopted by the Grand Duke, to rid Florence of beggars. It was proclaimed that every beggar who would appear in the grand piazza at a certain mentioned time, would be provided by the Duke with a new suit of clothes, free of cost. At the appointed time, the beggars of the city assembled, and the Grand Duke causing all the avenues of the square to be closed, and compelled the beggars to strip off their old clothes and gave each one, according to promise, a new suit. In the old clothes thus collected, enough money was found concealed to build a beautiful bridge over the Arno, still called "the beggar's bridge," and the city for the time being was relieved of the beggars by which it had been previously overrun, as none would give the well dressed individuals who implored charity, not believing their tale of distress.—*Portland Advertiser.*

It is seldom that we hear of a marriage so interesting as one that took place at Strathglass, Scotland, lately, when a buxom fair one was led to the hymeneal altar, attended by her grand nephew, as bridesman, while another grand nephew, a clergyman, discharged a more important duty. Let people say of it what they will, but it is actually the case that this clergyman married his grand aunt; and it is also true, though strange, that the three parties, clergymen, bride and bridesman, are in the prime of life.

Cutting up the Dead.—The bill giving the friendless dead to the doctors for dissection has passed the Assembly at Albany. It is supposed that it will become a law. So we advise all who do not wish to get into the hands of the doctors to make ample provision for safe burial. But one good may grow out of the passage of this bill—there will be no necessity for robbing the grave yards any more, as there will be plenty of subjects for cutting up by the young Esculapians hereafter. They say science demands the passage of this bill, yet it may be, and seriously is, doubted whether dissection ever did any more good than to aid physicians in arriving at absurd and erroneous conclusions in the treatment of disease. There is a great deal of humbug about the aids given to medical science by cutting up the human system.

Otto of Roses.—The absurd story that circulated a few months since that Jenny Lind was unhappy in her matrimonial relation, is effectually contradicted by the following extract from a letter written by Jenny to the Sweedish Consul at New York, and dated Dresden, February tenth:

"We are, God be thanked! quite well. Otto is very good and kind. He labors always, is at home always, is kind always, is the same faithful friend always; thinks only of my welfare and my happiness, and maintains a calm still courage in all circumstances."

Antidote to Arsenic.—Magnesia is an antidote to arsenic, as efficacious as the peroxide of iron and preferable, because almost any quantity may be taken without injury; and it is easily procured.—*Brass Founder's Guide.*

Fast horses soon tire, and fast young men are a good deal like them. The youth that goes it strong at "twenty" will find himself at forty-five with a tombstone growing out of his head.

Death by contracting Disease from a Horse.—Dr. Peter A. Stoutenburgh, one of the corners of Queen's county, N. Y., died on the 23d ult. It appears that the celebrated trotting stallion Osceola (of which the doctor was the owner) was taken with the glankers, and ultimately had to be killed. In his attention to the animal the doctor in some way became diseased, which progressed so rapidly that in a few days it terminated fatally.

"Tom, whom did you say our friend B—— married?" "He married forty thousand dollars, I forget her other name!" was the answer.

The Cotton Markets.

Chester, May 11.

Our Market, during the past week, has presented but little activity. Prices are somewhat depressed, and the quantity offered is too limited to impart animation. We quote extremes, at from 7 to 9.60.

Columbia, May 10.

We have not the least change to notice in the price of cotton in our market to-day. The demand was quiet but steady, and the current rates of yesterday were freely paid. 315 bales changed hands, at prices ranging from 7½ to 10 cents.

Charleston, May 10.

Sales of cotton this morning 525 bales, at 8½ to 10¼ cents.

Columbia, May 9.

It will be recollected that our previous report of the cotton market, for the week ending on the 5th instant, closed with the receipt of the news from Liverpool by the Europa, and which has given the market a downward tendency, and turned prices in favor of the buyer.

During the early part of the week, now under review, the market was somewhat dull and languid, and at the close of business, on Thursday evening, it was ascertained that a decline of 1-8 to 3-16 had taken place from the highest point during the previous week. On Friday morning the advices by the Asia came to hand, reporting a decline of 1-8 in the Liverpool market, and quoting fair uplands at 6 1-8, with sales for the week of 50,000 bales, speculators and exporters taking 8,000 bales. These accounts further depressed our market and unsettled prices, and in the course of that and the following day prices settled down at 10 cents for fair.

On Monday the market was quiet but steady, with but little cotton on sale and the transactions too limited to be any test of the actual state of the market.

The sales of the week foot up 1375 bales, and we alter our quotations to correspond with the present ruling rates, and we feel confident that those found below will approximate as near the present value of the article as it is possible to have them, viz: Inferior 7 to 7 1-2; Ordinary 8 to 8 1-2; Middling 8 3-8 to 9 3-4; Good Middling 9 1-2 to 9 7-8; and Fair 10 cent.

Carolinian.

MARRIED

At Winnsboro', on the 5th inst., by the Rev. M. D. Fraser, Rev. R. K. Porter of Richmond County, Georgia, to Miss Jane S. daughter of Hon. Samuel Johnston.

DIED

In Pontotoc County, Miss., on the 12th of April ult., Robert Dale, of Phrenitis, aged about 35 years. The deceased was formerly a citizen of Chester District, and leaves a wife and 3 small children, with many friends, to mourn his loss.

Portrait Painting.

G. W. FITZWILSON,
ARTIST.

MR. F. intends spending a short time in Chesterville, and respectfully solicits the patronage of the citizens thereof. He may be found in one of the Jury Rooms of the Court House, where a few specimens of his style can be seen; and he also respectfully invites the public to call and examine them.

May 12 19 2t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Dr. Charles Thorn, are requested to make payment to the undersigned, on or before the first of October next; and all persons holding claims against said estate will present them, duly proven, without delay.

ARTHUR WESTBROOK, Adm'r.

May 12 19 6t

*.*Fairfield *Herald* copy three times weekly.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale her plantation, lying two miles North West of Chester, C. H., immediately on Sandy River, and on the main road leading from Chester C. H., to Smith's Ford on Broad River. The plantation contains about

Two Hundred & Thirty Eight Acres,

in good repair, with a good one story house, with kitchen and all necessary out-buildings in good repair. There are on the place two good springs, within 75 or 100 yards of the house. On the tract is some of the best Cotton land, with about 35 or 40 acres of choice bottom land. The place presents some inducements to purchasers, and all who wish to purchase would do well to call and examine for themselves.

If not sold before the first Monday in July, the land will be offered at public outcry on that day at the Court House door.

MARY HARDEN.

May 12 19 tf

Court House for Sale.

WILL be sold at public outcry on Monday the 6th of June next, the Old Court House building in the Town of Chester. Possession given as soon as the New Court House is completed. The purchaser to remove the building and materials from the public square by the 1st of October next.

The building will be sold on a credit until the 1st of January, 1854.

By order of Com'rs. of Public Buildings.

S. McALILEY, Sec'y.

May 5 18 tf

Administrator's Sale.

A VALUABLE young negro woman, belonging to the estate of Wm. C. McNinch, will be sold at the Court House, on Saleday next. Terms: Credit of Twelve months, with two good sureties.

GILES J. PATTERSON.

May 12 19 3t

Notice.

THE subscriber having located at Blackstocks, will make and repair to order, Fans and Thrashers. He will also repair Wagons and Carriages, in good style, at short notice.

H. STEELE.

May 12 19 3t

[illegible] Department,

[illegible], May 5th, 1853.

The following communication has been just received from the Committee to make arrangements for holding an adjourned Commercial Convention at Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in June next.

Memphis, Feb. 13, 1853.

Sir:

The Commercial Convention recently held in the city of Baltimore, having adjourned to meet at Memphis on the 1st Monday in June next, the undersigned have been authorized to make all needful arrangements that the same may proceed usefully and pleasantly. The various important subjects discussed at Baltimore, will doubtless be renewed and examined with a view to practical results. We have been commissioned by our fellow citizens to invite you to be present on the interesting occasion, and participate in its deliberations. In discharge of the duty conferred on us, we have likewise to request that your Excellency will immediately appoint a numerous delegation of your most [illegible], to represent your State in the approaching Convention, and that you have the names of these delegates published.

We take this occasion to tender to you and the delegation from your State who may visit us, a cordial welcome and the hospitalities of our city.

We have the honor to be with great respect,
Your obedient servants,

[illegible]	E. M. Yerger,
[illegible]	James H. Obey,
[illegible]	E. P. Stanton,
[illegible]	J. T. Trezevant,
[illegible]	H. C. Walker,
[illegible]	D. M. Corwin,
[illegible]	H. G. Smith,
[illegible]	A. M. Hopkins,
[illegible]	F. A. Owens,
[illegible]	James C. Jones,
[illegible]	A. S. Caldwell,
[illegible]	S. P. Bankhead,

Committee of Correspondence.

In accordance with the earnest wishes therein expressed, and the limited space of time allowing no other mode of appointment, I have appointed the following gentlemen to represent the State in the Convention. A letter to each, notifying him of his appointment, has been addressed from this Department; and it is hoped that both their leisure and inclination will induce them to be present, and participate in the deliberations of that body, affecting so important interests of this State and of the South generally.

JNO. L. MANNING.

Delegates to the Memphis Convention.

1. Ex-Governor David Johnson.
2. Ex-Governor John P. Richardson.
3. Ex-Governor Whitemarsh B. Seabrook.
4. Ex-Governor John H. Means.
5. Lieutenant Governor James H. Irby.
6. Hon. R. F. W. Allston, Pres. of the Senate.
7. Hon. James Simons, Speaker of the H. of R.
8. Hon. Robert W. Barnwell.
9. Hon. J. L. Orr, M. C.
10. Col. Wade Hampton.
11. Hon. F. W. Pickens.
12. Hon. Daniel Wallace.
13. Hon. James Chesnut.
14. Hon. John P. Townsend.
15. Hon. W. W. Boyce, M. C.
16. Hon. William DuBose.
17. Hon. J. D. Witherspoon.
18. Hon. B. F. Perry.
19. Hon. Franklin J. Moses.
20. Hon. H. H. Thompson.

[illegible], Esq.
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Hon. D. F. Jamison.
Gen. John Buchanan.
[illegible], Esq.
Gen. W. W. Harllee.
[illegible] McGowan.
[illegible] Read, Sen.
Robert Cunningham, Esq.
Hon. William Elliott.
[illegible] Dudley.
[illegible], Esq.
[illegible], Esq.
[illegible], Esq.
[illegible] Wilson.
[illegible] C. Perrin.
[illegible] McGrath.
[illegible], Esq.
[illegible] Ballenger, Jun.
[illegible], Esq.
[illegible], Esq.
[illegible], Esq.
[illegible], Esq.
[illegible] Zimmerman.
[illegible] Dixon Barnes.
[illegible] F. Simpson.
[illegible], Esq.
J. P. Ashmore.
J. H. Dukes, Esq.

Auction Sales

OF VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS.

THE undersigned will offer at public outcry, at the Court House in Chester, on Monday, the 6th day of June next,

Eighteen Town Lots,

immediately opposite the Depot and fronting on Gadsden street.

Those who are disposed to procure a desirable site in East Chester, either for a private residence or for business purposes, will now have an admirable opportunity for doing so.

A Plat of the different lots and adjacent grounds may be seen on application to the subscriber.

The Terms will be accommodating and made known on the day of sale.

JOHN A. BRADLEY.

May 12 19 4t

Valuable Tract of Land.

I OFFER at private sale a small tract of Land, belonging to John A. Minter, (and which I am empowered to sell) situated 9 miles northwest of Chester [illegible], in the neighborhood of Thomas Bennett, containing Twenty-Six Acres all well timbered, and well watered. There is on the premises an

Excellent Tan Yard,

upon which there is every facility for carrying on the business.

Persons desirous to purchase will call upon the undersigned or upon Thomas Bennett, who will show the premises.

If not sold privately, by the first Saturday in June, it will be sold on the premises, to the highest bidder.

It will be sold on a credit until November 1st, with interest from date.

JAMES S. TURNER, Agent.

April 21 16 7t

Miss M. J. BLAKELY,

Millinery and Mantua Making.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the Ladies of Chester and surrounding country, that having procured a Select and Fashionable assortment of *Bonnets, Capes, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Gloves,* **ARTIFICIALS, &c.,** with the latest styles of Fashion, she is prepared to sell, make and trim Bonnets and Ladies Dresses, with the greatest taste and moderate prices.

April 28 17 6m

Preston's Sugar of Lemons,

For making Lemonade. Superior to Lemon Syrup and much cheaper.

Congress Water,

Just received, fresh from Saratoga. A small supply at the

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

No Excuse for Bad Bread.

Preston & Merrill's Infallible Yeast Powder, for making light and sweet bread. Never known to fail.

Superfine Baking Soda.

10 cents per lb—Cash.

KINGSFORD'S

Superior Prepared Corn Starch,

For making Pies, &c. Receipts accompany each package.

A Large Assortment

Of Flavoring Extracts for Puddings, Pies, &c.

Sal Eratus,—Cheap.

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

Washing Made Easy; with any kind of Water.

Just received, Excelsior Family Soap—obtained the prize Medal at the World's Fair.

Washing Soda

For making hard water soft.

The Cheapest Toilet Soap, Extant.

Colgates Variegated Soap in 1-8, 1-4, 1-2 and 1 lb. Bars.

Castile Soap.

A prime article.

Extracts for the 'Kerchief.

For the Hair.

THE Original and Genuine Katharion for the Hair; Hyperion Fluid; Phalon's Invigorator Tricopherous.

AN extensive, varied and excellent assortment of Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Fancy Soaps, &c., which will be sold at a small advance, at the

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

Chewing Tobacco.

Yellow Bank; Old Dominion; Jenny Lind, &c.

Turkish Smoking Tobacco.

Cigars—Real Havana.

A large assortment of the choicest Brands, wholesale or retail.

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

White Lead.

Wetherill's Pure and Extra. Direct from the Factory.

OILS.

Linseed Oil; Neatsfoot; Sweet, &c.

Spirits Turpentine

By the Gallon; Quart Bottles, 25 cents.

Varnishes.

Copal; Coach; Furniture; Black Leather.

Glass of every Size

For every purpose.

Looking Glass Plate,

14 × 20—fine for Mirrors.

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

Bed Bug Destroyer.

Warranted to kill—in case of failure the money will be refunded.

The great want so long felt, at length supplied. Science Triumphant.

TRINCUMALEE

Fly Attractor and Destroyer.

THIS necessary appendage of every well regulated house, during the summer months, draws the flies to it, killing them without fail. Is perfectly harmless, even to children; containing no Mercury, Arsenic, Cobalt, or any of their compounds. Warranted a certain remedy for this great annoyance. Prepared and sold only at the CHESTER DRUG STORE.

Burning Fluid Refined.

Just received and for sale, a very superior article. CHESTER DRUG STORE.

Superior Cold Pressed Pure Castor Oil,

By the gallon. Quart Bottles only 40 cents.

Quinine of First Quality.

A large supply direct from the Laboratory.

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

HENRY & GILL

Are receiving their Stock of Spring & Summer

GOODS,

Embracing every variety of Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Children's Wear, viz: Coatings, Vestings, Pantaloonery, &c.

LADIES DRESS GOODS

Of the Latest Styles,

WITH TRIMMINGS TO MATCH.

A handsome Stock of

Shawls, Scarfs, Collars, &c.

Fancy and Colored Silks and Fringes, suitable for making Mantillas.

Embroideries, Gloves and Hosiery.

Ladies Bonnets,

Latest April Fashions.

Men's, Boys, Misses and Children's

SUMMER HATS.

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers.

April 21 16 tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN CHARLES, deceased, are requested to present them to the undersigned, immediately.

W. B. LILLEY, *Adm.*

No Hoax.

THE subscriber having a considerable quantity of goods of all kinds, left on hand from his Store in York District, has concluded to sell them at their cost in Charleston, rather than expose them at public auction. The ladies will do well to call at the Store of Messrs. Chisholme & Carroll, where they can buy Muslins, Tissues, Jaconets, Cambrics, Prints, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Ribbands, &c. Also, Gentlemens' Wear of all kinds, at first cost, and no mistake.

J. L. CARROLL.

April 21 16 tf

Notice.

ALL persons having demands against the estate of Elizabeth Stinson, dec'd., are requested to present them, on or before the first of June, as the subscriber wishes to make a final settlement of said estate.

D. G. STINSON, Adm'r.

May 5 18 3t

DISSOLUTION.

THE LATE FIRM OF

HENRY & HERNDON

IS this day dissolved by mutual consent, the term of Partnership having expired. Either of the subscribers will attend to making settlements.

Persons having open accounts of long standing, are requested to settle them with Cash or Note.

W. D. HENRY,
J. HERNDON.

Chester, March 23, 1853. 12-tf

NEW FIRM.

William D. Henry & William H. Gill,

HAVE associated themselves together for the purpose of transacting a general

MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

UNDER THE FIRM OF

HENRY & GILL,

At the old stand of Henry & Herndon.

They would respectfully invite their friends and the public to examine their

Stock of Goods,

Consisting of almost every article usually kept by Merchants.

Their Goods in quality and price, will compare favorably with any other establishment in this country; and they will spare no pains, not only to please, but to furnish their customers with articles that will give them satisfaction on trial.

March 23 12-tf

Moleskin Hats.

Late Spring style. Just received.

HENRY & GILL.

School Books and Stationary.

A full supply.

HENRY & GILL.

Locks, Hinges, Glass and Putty.

HENRY & GILL.

Carpenters' Tools.

A full supply.

HENRY & GILL.

New Book Bindery

AND

STATIONER'S HALL,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

THE subscriber has just opened his BOOK BINDERY and STATIONER'S HALL, at the old stand of P. M. Johnson, Richardson-st. where every article of Stationary may be found at prices *lower than the lowest, of superior quality.*

He solicits the attention of his country friends and dealers generally, to his stock of Paper, consisting of Printing Paper of all description, Blank Paper of Imperial, Sup. Royal, Royal, Medium, Demy, and Cap sizes, and Superior Letter Paper of best Brands, which will be sold at a great reduction, together with a large assortment of Full and Half Bound Account Books, such as Records, Journals, Day Books, Ledgers.

Having also increased facilities for Binding, he will execute promptly orders for Blank Books, Ruled and Bound in any style. Printed Books bound in every variety of style.

All who desire to deal at low figures *for Cash*, would do well to give him a call, and those ordering paper for points above Columbia, will save much delay by sending him their orders.

THOS. J. LAMOTTE.

March 23, 1853. 12 6m

REMOVAL.

THOMAS S. MILLS, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to the stand formerly occupied as a Grocery Store by D. Pinchback, where he will keep on hand

A Large Stock of Groceries

—AND—

FAMILY PROVISIONS,

and will bid the highest prices for Cotton and other produce brought to this market.

April 13 14 tf

Lands for Sale.

I HAVE a tract of Land containing about SEVENTEEN HUNDRED ACRES, which I wish to sell. It is situated in York District, on both sides of the Saluda Road, and near to the Charlotte Rail Road; one portion of it being within one-half mile of Rock Hill Depot. It is mostly unimproved—not more than eighty acres being cleared; and is well adapted to the cultivation of grain. From its location and other advantages, it is believed to be a desirable place. The land will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers and on accommodating terms.

W. P. THOMASSON.

April 6 14 3m

The Pilgrim's Apology.

BY JAMES ALONZO WEBB.

PRICE 75 cents, and for sale by A. G. Pagan & Co., Wm. M. McDonald, Heyman & Shannon, Chesterville; Wm. D. Cornwell, Baton Rouge; Wilks, Land & Co., Baton Rouge; T. & G. Chalk, Chalkville; Chesley Crosby, Crosbyville; Brawley, Alexander & Parrot, Halsellville.

A liberal deduction will be made to any persons wishing to sell again by applying to Heyman & Shannon.

April 28 17 5tp

COLUMBIA HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having purchased the above establishment, hereby notifies his friends and the public, generally, that he will spare no pains or expense to render those who may call upon him comfortable. His Tables will be supplied with the best the market will afford. The Bar will be furnished with the best of liquors—all his stables with good ostlers and provender. Call and see for yourselves.

JOHN HARRISON.

Columbia, March 16, 1853.
March 16 11 2m

Rags! Rags!!

THE subscriber will receive in exchange for goods all Linen, Tow and Cotton Rags, at 2 cents per pound, at their Grocery Store near the Depot. Also: GOOD DRY HIDES.

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.

April 28 17 tf

NOTICE.—The Notes and Accounts of William Thompson, Shoemaker, are left with me for collection. Persons knowing themselves indebted, will make payment without delay.

W. A. WALKER.

Feb. 2 5 tf

Corn Shellers, the latest and most approved patent, for sale by

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.

Jan. 5 1 tf

---

25 Barrels N. C. Flour,

JUST received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Feb. 23 8 tf

2,000 Pounds Tallow,

A GOOD article, just received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Sept. 22 37-tf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

—AT—

DAVEGA & BENNETT'S.

THE subscribers have just opened their Stock of Spring and Summer Goods of the very latest styles, viz:

Plain and Figured colored Silks,
Plain and Figured Black Silks,
Silk Tissues and Bareges of every style.
Colored Swiss and Jaconet Muslins.
French and Scotch Ginghams.
Calicoes—some very handsome at 12½ cents.
Barege Silk and Muslin Mantles.
Plain and Figured Swiss Muslins.
Embroidered L. C. Handkerchiefs.
Silk Gloves and Mitts.
Swiss and Cambric Undersleeves—new style.
Worked Collars and Pointed Cuffs.
Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings.
Thread and Cotton Edgings and Laces.

Together with a complete assortment of Staple and Fancy Goods of every variety.

A. H. DAVEGA.

BONNETS.

The attention of the Ladies is particularly requested to our Stock of Bonnets which are of the best quality and latest styles.

ALSO:

A complete assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,
Panama and other Styles of Hats,
Drugs and Medicines,
Crockery & Glass Ware,
Hardware,
Groceries, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to examine our Stock and prices.

JORDAN BENNETT.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A BEAUTIFUL assortment of Spring and Summer Clothing. Just received at

DAVEGA & BENNETTS.

April 21 16 tf

A NEW FIRM!

At Rock Hill Depot, on Charlotte & South Carolina Railroad.

WE, the undersigned, have this day entered into Partnership, and we are now receiving our new Spring Stock of Goods, consisting of

DRY GOODS OF ALL VARIETIES,

Clothing of the latest styles—Hardware & Nails.

GROCERIES—such as Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rice and Salt;

Which we will sell as low as can be sold in any of the up-country towns, for Cash, or to approved customers. Call and see what bargains we can give.

BROACH, MASSEY & CO.

W. F. BROACH. JNO. MASSEY, SR. W. P. BROACH.

March 23 12 6m

We return our thanks to our friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and hope they will give Broach, Massey & Co., a call.

W. P. & H. F. BROACH.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

R. A. YONGUE

COLUMBIA, So. Ca.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends that he has now on hand, and will constantly keep, an extensive assortment of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Mantel Clocks of Every Variety,
SILVER & PLATED WARE,

A large variety,

MILITARY AND FANCY GOODS,
Guns, Rifles, Sportsman's Apparatus,
FINE POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY

Together with all kinds of

FANCY ARTICLES.

His Stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, and JEWELRY, embraces a handsome and fashionable collection of such aticles. It is design not to be surpassed in the taste and elegance of his selections, and his prices will be found on examination to be as moderate as at any other establishment in the South.

He solicits a continuance of the custom heretofore so liberally bestowed on the old firm.

R. A. YONGUE.

Columbia, Feb. 16 7 tf

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

J. & T. M. GRAHAM,

RETURN their thanks to their friends and the public generally, for past favors, and would inform them that they have removed from their old stand, to their new building on the opposite side of the street, where they are prepared to exhibit for sale a

A Fine Stock of New Goods,

lately selected in the Charleston market, embracing

Ladies' Dress and Fancy Goods,

of the latest styles of fabrics adapted to the season, together with a general assortment of

Foreign and Domestic Goods.

—ALSO:—

A LARGE STOCK OF

Crockery, China & Glass Ware, Cutlery, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.

At their store near the Depot, will also be found a general

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

where they are also prepared to buy Cotton and Produce in general.

They are prepared to sell cheap, and respectfully invite the attention of their friends and the public generally.

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.

Jan. 5 1 tf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name of J. & T. J. Dunovant, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 18th inst. The notes and accounts are in the hands of T. J. Dunovant, who is authorized to transact all business connected with the establishment. As it is very desirable that the affairs of the firm be speedily closed, our friends are earnestly requested to give us a call, at as early day as possible.

J. DUNOVANT,
T. J. DUNOVANT.

Feb. 23, 1853.

Messrs. C. K. Williams and Williams Dunovant, having purchased the interest of Mr. John Dunovant in the late firm of J. & T. J. Dunovant, the business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, at the same place, under the firm of T. J. Dunovant & Co.

T. J. DUNOVANT,
C. K. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAMS DUNOVANT.

March 2 9 tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has taken the Store lately occupied by David Pinchback, and is now offering his goods for sale, for Cash, or to approved customers on time. It would be vain in him to say like some, that his Goods will be sold lower than his neighbors, and it would be troublesome to enumerate all he has for sale; but he would say this without doing injustice to any one, that his experience is as great as any merchant in the place in the selection of Goods, both as to style and durability,—and he stands pledged to trade fairly with all who may feel disposed to try him, and hopes he will be able to please all.

WM. M. McDONALD.

Feb. 2 5 tf

Commissioner's Notice.

ALL Guardians, Trustees and Committees, under the supervision of the Court of Equity for Chester District, are hereby notified to make their annual Returns, on or before the 10th day of May next, or rules will be issued against them.

JAMES HEMPHILL, C. E. C. D.

March 30, 1853. 13-6t

Bascomville Female Seminary.

THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, the 10th of January next, under the direction of Miss Sarah L. Hall and Miss Caroline F. Pond.

The Literary department will be conducted by Miss Hall, who is a graduate of Troy Female Seminary, N. Y., and the Music and Ornamental department by Miss Pond, who is also from Troy Seminary.

These young ladies come not only with the highest recommendations for superior scholarship, but also for energy and integrity of character.

The Trustees have taken great pains and trouble to procure *good efficient Teachers,* and they feel confident that such are secured. They would say to the public, that they expect to have one of the best Schools in Chester District; one which all parents and guardians shall love to patronize.

No pains will be spared by any of the Trustees to make this a flourishing institution and to sustain the reputation which it has heretofore received.

Good Board can be obtained in the neighborhood upon reasonable terms.

Rates of tuition the same as before.

Rates of tuition per session.

Primary Department.	
Embracing Reading, Writing & Spelling,	$5 00
Second Department.	
Embracing all the above together with Grammar, Arithmetic & Geography	6 00
First Department.	
Embracing all the above together with all the higher branches of an English Education, such as Botany, Physiology, Philosophy, Natural and Mental, Chemistry, Geometry, Algebra, &c.	8 00
Music upon Piano, extra	18 00
Use of Piano	2 00
French Language	5 00
Latin Language	5 00
Needle Work	5 00
Drawing and Painting	5 00

WM. J. HICKLIN,
Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

Dec. 29 tf

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

JUST received a fine Stock of *GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,* from Liverpool, which will be sold on very reasonable terms, by

BENNETT & LEWIS.

We would also inform our customers and the public generally, that we have employed a Silver Smith and Jeweller, who devotes his time exclusively to repairing and manufacturing Jewelry, repairing Silver Ware, Mounting Walking Canes, &c., &c.

ALSO:—Our Watch work is done as usual by an accomplished workman.

Persons of this vicinity who have been in the habit of sending their work to more distant places will please give us a trial, and we pledge equal satisfaction

Old Gold and Silver wanted.

July 7 27-tf

E. J. WEST,

SADDLE & HARNESS MAKER,

CHESTER, C. H., S. C.,

IS still engaged in the manufactory of **Saddles, Bridles, Harness,**

TRUNKS, &C.,

which he will sell on as reasonable terms as articles of like quality can be had elsewhere. He uses only the best material, and his work being done under his personal supervision, he can safely warrant it to be executed in workmanlike manner. Any order with which his friends may favor him, can be filled on short notice.

REPAIRING

is done with despatch and promptness, and on reasonable terms.

May 26 tf

Fresh Burning Fluid

AND FLUID LAMPS.

JUST received a handsome assortment of Fluid Lamps. ALSO:—The best quality of Burning Fluid which we will hereafter be regularly supplied with.

DAVEGA & BENNETT.

Feb. 23 8 tf

Plow Moulds and Iron.

HENRY & GILL.

Nails and Brads.

HENRY & GILL.

Ploughs, a lot of the best construction, for sale by

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.

Jan. 5 1 tf

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75 Bags and 80 Barrels

SUPER Country Flour, for sale by

JAMES PAGAN & CO.

March 2 9 tf

Camphine!

A QUANTITY of best quality of Camphine, just received and for sale by

HEYMAN & SHANNON.

April 13 tf

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

FOR sale by

DAVEGA & BENNETT.

Feb. 23 8 tf

2000 lbs. Pure White Lead,

Just received.

HENRY & GILL.

Linseed and Train Oils.

HENRY & GILL.

---

50 Barrels Pink Eye Potatoes.

ALSO: A fresh supply of Landreth's Garden Seeds, fresh and genuine. Just received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Feb. 23 8 tf

FOR SALE.

A GOOD Work Horse. Apply to

JAS. PAGAN & CO.

Fine Florida Syrup,

JUST received and for sale by

JAS. PAGAN & CO.

Business Cards.

Z. P. HERNDON. GILES J. PATTERSON

HERNDON & PATTERSON,

Attorneys at Law,

CHESTER C. H., S. C.,

WILL attend to all cases entrusted to their care, in the Districts composing the Northern Circuit.

Office in the Court House in the office of the Ordinary.

Jan. 19 4 tf

DAVEGA & BENNETT,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS.

HARDWARE, GROCERIES, MEDICINES BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, BONNETS, CROCKERY,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Jan. 26 4 tf

DENTAL OPERATIONS,

Dr. J. T. WALKER

WOULD inform the citizens of Chester and surrounding Districts that he will be found at McAfee's Hotel, on every Monday, and all public days; where he may be consulted on his profession.

N. B. He finds it impracticable to ride through the country; and operations can be better performed at his rooms.

N. B.—He would earnestly ask of all persons indebted to him that they would oblige him, by a settlement of their dues, as his necessities absolutely require him to make collections.

July 16 29-tf

DR. J. S. PRIDE,

HAVING permanently located in the Town of Chester, tenders his Professional services to its citizens and the vicinity. OFFICE at McAFEE'S HOTEL.

May 23 25 tf

E. ELLIOTT,

SKY LIGHT

DAGUERREIAN ROOMS.

Miniatures put in neat Cases, Frames, Breast pins, Rings & Lockets, at prices to suit the class,

ROOMS ON MAIN STRETT,

Opposite "Kennedy's Tin Factory."

April 16 16-4

REEDER & DeSAUSSURE,

ADGER'S WHARF,

Charleston, S. C.

ARE prepared to devote their undivided attention to the interests of their friends in the sale of

COTTON, RICE,

and PRODUCE generally; and to filling their Orders. They will make fair advances on *Consignments* of produce to their care.

OSWELL REEDER, J. B. DeSAUSSURE.

Aug. 11 32 7mo

O'NEALE, BOYD & BRAWLEY,

Factors & Commission Merchants,

No. 2, Boyce & Co's Wharf.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

RICH'D. O'NEALE. B. D. BOYD. H. C. BRAWLEY.

Jan. 12 2 3m

FRASER & THOMSON.

FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

ADGER'S NORTH WHARF.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

FRED'K E. FRASER, PAUL S. THOMSON.

Sept. 15 36 tf

RICE DULIN,

FACTOR & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

CENTRAL WHARF,

Charleston, S. C.

Nov. 10 45 1y

Thomas Alexander,

FACTOR & GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

South Atlantic Wharf,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

N.B.—All country produce sold at the highest market price,

Nov. 17 46 1y

NOTICE.—All persons who are indebted to the late firm of Wylie & Mobley, are earnestly requested to make settlement without further delay. Dr. Mobley has been removed for some years, and the business still continues unclosed. Longer indulgence cannot be reasonably asked.

Also, those indebted to the undersigned, on his individual account are likewise notified his books must be closed either by Cash or Note.

A. P. WYLIE.

Dec. 29 52 tf

Money.—The Notes of John Darby, Esq., late of this District, have been placed in my hands for collection. All persons who know themselves indebted to him, will make payment without delay. Indulgence cannot be given.

C. D. MELTON.

Dec. 29 52 tf

Money Wanted.

THE accounts of all those indebted to James Pagan & Co., are now made out and ready for settlement, and they would be glad to receive the cash for them. Those who come and pay off, will save us the necessity of sending their accounts to them, as the money must come.

Our terms are short profits and cash the bill.

JAMES PAGAN & CO.

March 30 13 tf

Notice.

PERSONS indebted to the firm of McDonald & Pinchback, will find the Books and Notes of that concern with D. Pinchback, at his new Dry Goods Store, where they are earnestly requested to call and settle as early as possible. Those having open accounts will confer a favor by closing them, *if it is only by note,* but cash would be preferred as we wish to have all of our accounts closed up by the first of October.

McDONALD & PINCHBACK.

June 23 25-tf

Notice.

I HAVE sold my Drug Store to Dr. A. P. Wylie, and am desirous of closing up my business as soon as possible: therefore, all who are indebted on my Books, will please call and settle them, either by Cash or Note. My Books and Notes are in the hands of W. A. Walker, Esq., who is authorized to receipt for me. Also, the Books of Reedy & Ruff, are in his hands for settlement.

J. A. REEDY.

May 5 18 tf

Bacon! Bacon!!

10,000 lbs. Prime NEW BACON for sale by

JAS. PAGAN & CO.

CHESTER

DRUG STORE.

THE subscriber having purchased of Dr. J. A. Reedy, his entire interest in the Chester Drug Store, will continue the business at the same old stand. By frequent importations he expects to have constantly on hand, a full assortment of

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, PERFUMERY, &c.;

all of which he is determined shall consist of the most pure and genuine articles which the markets can afford. He is willing to compare his retail prices with any Drug Store in the State.

Many medicinal compounds which are liable to deteriorate from age, will be prepared at short intervals, in quantities sufficient to meet the demands of our market.

The undersigned will also be prepared with the means of testing the strength and purity of medicines.

Mr. H. J. McDONALD, an experienced and practical apothecary, will be found constantly at the Store, ready to attend to the various duties of his profession.

Sole agent for the various popular Patent Medicines.

A. P. WYLIE.

May 5 18 tf

RAIL ROAD STORE.

JUST received at the R. R. Store, (at Blackstocks) on the C. & S. C. Rail Road, a new, large and carefully selected

Stock of Goods,

embracing all articles usually kept in a first class country store. Call and examine; and if new goods, a good Stock, good terms and good attention, can secure good custom, we are bound to have our share.

We keep wet goods and dry goods,
And all goods but high goods,
And if when you call,
We don't please one and all,
Why then—"take our hat,"
Which is marked FANT & PRATT.

N. B. Don't be afraid of buying us out, for our position and facilities of Rail Road are such, that we can always keep supplied by Telegraph.

FANT & PRATT.

May 5 13 3m

Dry Hides and Wool.

WE will barter, at 10 cts. per lb. for 100 good Dry Hides: ALSO:—for WOOL at the highest market rates.

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Sept. 22

Corn! Corn!!

THE undersigned has, at the place formerly occupied by Col. Randell, about ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS OF CORN, which he offers for sale. He may be found at Chester, or if absent, persons desirous of purchasing will call on James Pagan.

SAM'L RANDELL.

March 16 11 2m

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine."

THE subscriber being fully authorized to close up the business of the late firm of McDonald & Pinchback, takes this method of informing those indebted, that he is determined to close that business up by next fall, and those that observe this notice will perhaps save costs.

D. PINCHBACK.

Jan. 5 1 tf

Dr. Guysott's Improved Extract

—OF—

Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla

IS now put up in the largest sized bottles, and is acknowledged to be the best Sarsaparilla made, as is certified by the Wonderful Cures it has performed, the original copies of which are in the possession of the Proprietor. Remember, this is the only TRUE and ORIGINAL article.

The Medicine, when used according to directions,

Will Cure, Without Fail,

Scrofula or Kings Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetters, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, Old Sores and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Disease of Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Disease arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the side and Shoulders, General Debility, Dropsy, Lumbago, Jaundice and Costiveness.

The Best Female Medicine Known.

The peculiar maladies to which females are subject, commonly produce great bodily exhaustion, accompanied by a depressed and often gloomy state of mind. As the system declines in strength, there is a loss of nervous power, and this very naturally impairs the energy of the mind and disturbs the equanimity of the temper. Every candid woman who has suffered from female complaints will admit this to be the mournful truth. Now, to obtain relief, it is only necessary to stop the tendency to depletion and debility. This is done by renewing that fountain of health and strength, the BLOOD, and no medicine accomplishes this desirable result so speedily and complete as "Dr. Guysott's Improved Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla."

Ladies of pale complexion and consumptive habits, and such as are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored, by the use of a bottle or two, to bloom and to vigor.

Scrofula and Cancer cured by Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla.

RUTLEDGE, Granger County, Tenn.,
April 27, 1852.

J. D. PARK, Esq., Cincinnati, O.—Dear Sir:—It gives me great satisfaction to add my testimony in favor of "Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla," to that of the numerous and highly respectable persons who have been benefited by the medicine.

My wife has been suffering for the space of nearly five years with Scrofula and Cancer, which, I think, found its origin in the derangements of the system peculiar to her sex, while in the mean time she was under the care of the most eminent Physicians in this section of country, without deriving any material aid from their prescriptions.

Upon the recommendation of Dr. Cookes, one of our Physicians, who had seen the medicine used with happy effect, I obtained of your Agents here, "Messrs. Rice & McFarland," one bottle of "Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla," and as my wife found relief from that bottle, I bought some six bottles, which she has taken with the most astonishing benefit, for I am pleased to say it has entirely cured her, for she has entirely recovered from her illness, and the Scrofula and Cancer are cured sound and well.

Accept my gratitude. Respectfully,
MICHAEL GOLDMAN.

Extract of a Letter from an extensive Merchant in Plainfield, Livingston county, Michigan.

PLAINFIELD, Mich., April 8, 1852.

Mr. John D. Park—Dear Sir:—Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is performing some astonishing cures in this place. A Mr. S. B. Strickland has just informed me that one of his children has been entirely cured of a very severe case of Scrofula by the use of only one bottle. He had tried almost every thing that the Doctors had prescribed, but all of no avail, as the child continued getting worse. The sores are now all healed up and the child apparently well, which is justly ascribed to the use of the Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla.

SIGNED, Yours, truly, R. A. BEAL.

Females, Read the Following.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 25.

Mr. Bennett:—We take pleasure in stating that your Yellow Dock Sarsaparilla gives great satisfaction in every case.

A very respectable gentleman informed me that his daughter was troubled with difficult menstruation and other diseases peculiar to her sex. She had not had her regular menstrual discharge for a long time, but by the use of Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla was radically cured. She used Townsend's and others without receiving the slightest benefit. He had one daughter to die from the same cause.

J. P. TRIPP & CO.

☞ Price $1 per bottle—six bottles for $5.

SCOVIL & MEAD,
No. 111 Chartres street, New Orleans,
General Wholesale Agents for the Southern States, to whom all orders should be addressed.

Sold by A. P. Wylie, Druggist, Chester, S. C.
" " W. A. Morrison & Co., Winnsboro'.
" " Keenan & McLure, Unionville.
" " Barnett & Withers, Yorkville.
And by one Agent in every town in the South.

May 12 19

THE PALMETTO STANDARD.

Farmer's Department.

WORK FOR MAY.

COTTON.

[illegible] partial choppings of cotton may [illegible] already commenced. This however [illegible] amount to more than the rap[illegible] through with the hoe, throwing [illegible] bunches of three to a half dozen [illegible]. Not much care is required, farther [illegible] space these bunches, as to make [illegible] the stand, or the proper distance [illegible] to remain, when left [illegible]. The final thinning is [illegible] and particular operation, and [illegible] be conducted with the utmost care. [illegible] grass, as is not un[illegible] this time, and a hard press to [illegible] it often happens that [illegible] are cut up in the hurry, and [illegible] are bruised and skinned, to lin[illegible] few days, thus spoiling [illegible] having much unoccupied space [illegible] amounting in the aggregate to [illegible], to be cultivated without any[illegible]. These annoyances and failures are [illegible] of every year's operation, on most [illegible] where what are called *full crops* [illegible] planted. We think it about as great fol[illegible] against the wind, to [illegible] hand-work in this day of progress [illegible] culture of cotton. We will how[illegible], and venture the opinion, [illegible] thinning of cotton, much of [illegible] pulled out by the hand. The [illegible] be saved uniform and perfect [illegible] left in a healthy and growing, [illegible] would be passed over, [illegible] well covered. But little [illegible] added at this time, only [illegible] support the young plant. The [illegible] stalks, must depend upon [illegible] the weed will probably [illegible] land requiring more, and the thin [illegible] less space. The plants when [illegible] deep and good, [illegible] heavy rains have intervened [illegible] are by nature soft, no very deep [illegible] will be required at this [illegible] lands are not light or soft [illegible] have not been made so by [illegible] pretty thorough [illegible] stages of the crop, the [illegible] loose and soft, or not [illegible] plowings to cotton, [illegible] and blooms appear, are ra[illegible]. These operations are so [illegible], as to make it ab[illegible] necessary, to leave much to be set[illegible] discretion. No one rule will [illegible] and all seasons.

CORN—SECOND WORKING.

[illegible] crop is now reaching an interesting [illegible] off from the slowness of the [illegible] beginning to move with that rapid [illegible] growth peculiar to this plant, [illegible] is good, soon to present to [illegible] planter's eye, one of the most beautiful [illegible] which ever grew out of the earth. [illegible] first to the middle of this month, [illegible] second working is to be given. This [illegible] to be very similar to that recommended for the first. The plowing ought to be thorough, deep and close. The young [illegible] will be necessarily broken by such an operation, yet but a very temporary check will be given to the growth, from which it will [illegible] recover, and with renewed vigor [illegible] on to still more rapid growth. A soft, loose and deep bed is indispensable for the easy penetration of the little but wide spreading rootlets, and though these deep and close workings may momentarily check the growth, yet this must be borne for the sake of the larger resulting benefits. The plow need not run so close as in the first going over, as the turning or mould board plow is now used, running at a greater distance from the plant. The corn is now large enough to bear dirt, and the plowman should be made to understand, that the soft earth, is to be lapped over the roots of the corn, accomplishing the double object, of increased depth of earth upon the root, and covering all small grass which may have sprung up. If this work is well done, but little will remain for the hoes, yet these should pass over, to make all complete. Many stalks will be necessarily bent and tangled by the plow; these must be relieved; around the roots of trees and stumps, the hoes must clear away the grass, and many suckers and surplus stalks to be removed. All this the hoe hands must do, and notwithstanding the plows by faithfulness may do much, yet we shall have to insist that the hoes pass over this crop, at this second working. It would be very desirable to have the earth in a deep moist state at this time, and for this purpose, a little postponement may sometimes be allowed, but it is bad policy to wait long for this, as delay beyond the time for working, checks the growth, when the stalk becomes hard and round, an injury hard to be recovered from.

The true theory of corn making, is to push it rapidly from the start, and never to allow it to be checked in its growth, by any neglect. It may recover from the effects of drought, but never from grass or bad work. The destiny of this important crop is to a large extent in your own hands, and if you would reap large ears and a heap of them, let your work be well done now, otherwise hold your peace, when the time for ingathering shall come.

THE POTATO CROP.

In fulfilment of our pledge, we once more urge the claims of this crop, not to insist upon its value, but to remind our readers that this is the best month for planting the yam, though it may be continued, with good prospects of success, with favorable seasons until July. For a good crop, however, it is best to plant early. It is not necessary to wait to have the ground very wet for transplanting. If the hills or beds for planting are freshly made, it is only necessary that the earth be in good moist condition, to succeed well. Indeed, we think this preferable to planting when the earth this very wet. The young plants live quite as well, and grow off better. If good seasons are scarce, they may be planted in fresh made beds, almost without rain, as early in the season as May, by depositing the slips in a tub of water for a few hours before planting. The roots drink in the water freely, and when planted, moisten the fine particles of earth with which they come in contact. These plantings are best to be made late in the afternoon, that a night may intervene, before an exposure to the sickening effects of the sun.

In this connection, we mention that David Shelton, Esq., of Talbotton, presented us lately with a sack of very fine, large, red-skinned potatoes, which he regards as very prolific. We do not know by what name they are called, but we are sure, that there is merit, either in the man, or the potatoes, (probably in both) as we learn he put up *four thousand bushels* at one plantation, besides large quantities for the hogs, left in the field. We are obliged to Mr. Shelton for his present, and for his example. Let others do likewise, and the business of hog raising will soon be demonstrated as a little more practicable and easy in Georgia.

THE WHEAT HARVEST.

It seems early to be talking about harvests. But the operations of the Southern planter are but a rapid succession of seed times and harvests. The middle of May we begin to gather in the fruits of our labor, and to the close of the year, with slight intervals, it is kept up. Truly the planter's is a [illegible] active, happy life. [illegible] running off into a "green[illegible]rn dance."

[illegible] out to tell our friends to cut their wheat when the proper time comes, and that time is, before the grain is fully hard. When in the dough state, it is now generally agreed, is the stage for cutting, *for the* largest yield, and sweetest, fairest flour. We make but one more suggestion, Do not conclude that all is done, when the wheat is cut and shocked, but put it out of the reach of rain, before stopping.—*Soil of the South.*

Humorous Reading.

From the New York Sun.

BECKY WILSON'S COURTSHIP.

"Oh now, Becky, do tell about it!" ses the gals.

Becky hadn't been married mor'n a month, and hadn't got over her bashfulness yet.

"Bout what?" ses she.

"Why, bout your courtship," ses the gals.

"Shaw!" ses she, turning her head and blushing dreadful; "you better tell your own courtship yourselves, I rekon.

"Yes, but none of us ever had any beaux, Beck, and you's a married woman. Come, now, do tell us about it. I do love to hear about courtin so much" ses Betsy Powers.

"Oh yes, Becky, do tell us."

"Well," ses Becky after a great deal of blushin' and twistin' about, "I'll tell you all how it was, if that'll satisfy you."

"Well," ses the gals, all gettin round her so they could hear her good.

"Well," ses Becky, putting an emphasis on about every other word, "John' he cum to our house to see me," she ses, (turnin' away her head kind o' lookin' down sidewways under her arm)—"Fool! he better go to see his self, I reckon. Gracious knows! I didn't care nothin' about him."

"Well," ses the gals.

"Well, John sed he loved me. Fool! better love his self, I reckon."

"Oh, that's so funny," ses the gals —"go on!"

"Shaw!" ses Becky, "I won't tell no more."

"Oh yes, do—do Becky," ses all of 'em.

"Well, then, John he axed me if I wouldn't have him. Him, fool! better have his self, I reckon."

"Then, what did you say?"

"Hem? I never sed nothing. Gracious knows, he wasn't gwine to git nothin out of me."

"Oh, oh!" ses the gals—"do go on, Becky."

"Then, John, he axed me if he moughtn't have me. Fool! he better have his self, I reckon."

"Well," ses the gals.

"Well, mother, she got kind o' flustricated and sed yes. Fool! she better mind her own business, I reckon.

"And then what?"

"Then, John, he axed daddy if he moughtn't have me; and daddy he got kind o' flustricated too, and sed yes, too."

"That's the sort of daddies," ses the gals rubbin their hands.

"Then mammy, she went to town and got a white frock for me, and white gloves to put on my hands, for to be married to John. Hem, fool she better be married to him herself, I reckon."

"Well," ses the gals. "go on, Becky.

"Shaw, now, I ain't gwine to tell you no more about it, so I ain't."

"Oh, yes Becky, do go on! Oh do tell us all about the weddin, Becky—that's a good soul."

"Oh, hush gals, 'bout sich nonsense."

"Oh, do now, that's a good soul."

"Well, bymeby the preacher man he come to our house, and a hole heap of people to see him marry me. Fools! they dual bet ter staid home, I reckon. Gracious knows I didn't want to see' em."

"Never mind, Becky—go on."

"Well, then, John he came to take me up to the preacher man, for to be married. Fool! I never did feel so mad—and then—— Oh, shaw gals, I can't tell any more."

"Oh yes—go on Becky."

"Well, then, the preacher man, he axed me if I would have John to be my lawful husband. Him, fool! better have his self, I reckon. And then——shaw, gals, I won't tell any more.

"Oh, do Becky! Now you're jest come to the interesting part. Oh, do tell us the rest, Becky."

"Well, I never said nothin," and the preacher man he said I must have John to be my husband—when he was sick when he was better or worser, and rich and poor; and love him and stick to him, and mind him, and——Lord only knows what a heap of things; and then he said people what he put together, it was agin the law to take apart; and so I was married, hard and fast the fust thing I knowed, to John."

"Well, what then Becky?" ses the gals, getting more interested all the time.

"Why, then the preacher man he went home, and then all the fellers come a pullin' and haulin me, and kissing me and squeezing me, and sich other carryings on as they did cut up. Fools! they great deal better kissed they own selves, I reckon."

"Go on, Becky? tell us about it," said all the gals.

"Well, then, after they all were away, John, he———Oh, shaw," ses she, "I ain't gwine to tell you another word more. When you git married yourselves, you'll know all about it I reckon.

A YANKEE ON A BUST.—"Massa Saiks alive, Eb's back hum agin!" says cousin Sally running into the kitchen to Marm Green, who up to her elbows in the dough, "dropt all" and came to see her hopeful son stalk into the porch as big as all out of doors!

"Wher' on airth, Eb, hev yeou been?" says the old lady.

"Where hev I been! Why daown to Bosting."

"Massa, Saiks, Eb, what on airth did yeou dew—had yeou a good time, Ebenezer?"

"Good time? Oh-o-o-ugh, persimmons, hadn't I a time! Cute time, by golly: a-a-and marm, made the money fly—did, by golly."

"Why, how yeou talk, Eb!" says Marm Green. "I hope, son Ebenezer, yeou didn't break any of the commandments, or nuthin!"

"Break the commandments? Wa-a-all neow didn't break *nothin.*' Everlastin' salvation, marm, yeou don't s'pose a feller's goin' teu Bosting and not cut a shin e nor noth in'. Yeou see, marm, I went into a shaw'p to get a drink of that almighty good stuff, spreuce beer, and—and two gals, sleek critters, axed me teu treat!"

"Laud saiks alive!-*yeou didn't do it though, Eb!*"

"Wa-a all, I did though, *naow!* I was aout on a time, marm, and didn't care a darn whether school kept or not, as the boy told his boss."

"Ebenezer, don't yeou swear!"

"Hain't a gone to, marm; yeou see, them gals ax-ed me to treat, and Idid, and don't care a darn who knows it. Yeou see, I paid fur ther two glasses of spreuce beer and mine, that was fo' pence, slap-dab; then I bought two cents wurth of ree-sins for 'em, and by *Deunker*, I'd rather spent that hull ninepence, *than gone off sneaken'!*"

The following rich anecdote, from the Rome, (Ga.) Courier, is said to be literally true:

A few weeks since one of the mountain boys visited Cartersville for the purpose of taking his first ride on the railroad. When the cars arrived at that place, our hero was there impatiently waiting and much excited and elated in anticipating his intended ride. As the cars approached, he stood gazing, with wonderful awe, at the engine puffing and smoking. Following the example of others as soon as the cars stopped, he hurried aboard, with his saddlebags on his arm, seated himself near a window. Then looking around at the passengers, manifestly much surprised, he put his head out of the window to see the "critter start." While in this position, watching with intense anxiety the whistle sounded. Our hero, much surprised, and evidently not a little alarmed, drew back his head with a motion that might be called a jerk, and turning to a gentlemen sitting near him, said, 'I golly, stranger did ye hear it snort? It beats daddy's Jack, and he's some." The bell rang the engine moved off, and away went the cars at a rapid speed, and before our hero had recovered from the shock which the snort produced, the cars were moving over the Etowah bridge. Discovering a change in its gait, he popped his head out at the window again 'to see how it moved;' seeing that he was some distance from the earth, and supposing the 'critter,' was flying, he swooned and fell from his seat speechless. Several gentlemen sitting near, caught hold of him, and raised him up, shook him and rubbed him until he revived a little. He opened his eyes, and seeing several gentlemen standing around him, looked up most beseechingly into the face of one of them, and said, a "*Stranger, has it lit?*"

"Git out wid yer!"—Why is a carious tooth like Charles the Second? Because it's *aching* (*a king.*)

NEW SPRING SUPPLIES.

T. J. DUNOVANT & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of their friends and the public generally, to their **NEW AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS,** which they are now receiving. The Ladies are particularly invited to call and examine their assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

CONSISTING OF

New Styles of Satin Striped Barege; Grenadine; Cambric Muslins; a large stock of Organdie Muslins; French Jaconet Muslins; a select assortment of rich Brocade and Cameleon Silks; and a beautiful style of Sewing-Silk SHAWLS, white & colored;

Ladies' Lace, Chip and Straw BONNETS,

And Misses Bloomers;

Together, with every other article of Ladies' Dress Goods.

They have also the newest styles of Gentlemen's Wear, with a fine assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

The latest styles of HATS; BOOTS & SHOES. They are also receiving a large supply of Domestic Goods; Cutlery, Hardware; Groceries, &c., and are able to supply their customers on the most reasonable terms.

T. J. DUNOVANT. C. K. WILLIAMS. WILLIAMS DUNOVANT.

March 16 11 tf

New Spring & Summer Goods!

HEYMAN & SHANNON,

WOULD invite the public attention to their supplies of Spring and Summer Goods, which they are now daily receiving. These supplies have been purchased in New York *for Cash*, and they are enabled to offer them to their friends at *Charleston prices*. Among their stock may be found every atticle of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

Muslins, Organdie, Jaconet and Cambric; Brocade, Cameleon and Fancy Silks; Satin-striped Bareges, of beautiful styles; Grenadines; and a variety of other new articles, rich and rare. They have also a beautiful style of

FRENCH BONNETS,

with suitable Trimmings.

Gentlemen can also be furnished with every article pertaining to their wear. They have a neat article of

DRESS HATS,

Silk and Beaver; also, Campeachy and West India Hats, new and beautiful styles. Their supply of

Ready-Made Clothing,

is very heavy, embracing articles of Gentlemen's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, of fashionable styles and various qualities.

In the article of Philadelphia city-made

Boots and Shoes,

they have a large supply, with a stock of Miles' best manufacture of Dress Boots. Also: Ladies' White Slippers; Ladies' Gaiters, a neat article; and all sizes of Children's Shoes:

ALSO:

Hardware, Crockery, Cutlery, Carpenters Tools; Trace Chains; Wooden Ware, Children's Carryalls.

Domestic Goods.

and a variety of articles too tedious to mention.

As they are determined to sell at the lowest scale of prices, they respectfully invite the attention of purchasers.

HEYMAN & SHANNON.

March 23 12 tf

TAILORING

—AND—

Ready Made Clothing.

CARROLL & FARLEY,

HAVE RECEIVED THEIR

Spring and Summer Clothing,

OF all kinds suitable for Men's and Boy's Wear; which they offer low, to make room for more. Their stock consists in part of all descriptions of Coats, Pants, Vests Cloaks, Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Collars, Undershirts, Socks, and many other things too tedious to enumerate.

They also have on hand a fine assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, together with every description of Trimmings. In a word' we feel fully prepared to give satisfaction to those of our friends who may favor us with their patronage.

All kinds of work done in the old way, on short notice.

Apr. 21 16

[COMMUNICATED.

The Planters' & Mechanics' Hotel.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having recently had occasion to lodge in your town, our lot has been cast with our friend of the Planters' and Mechanics' Hotel, and we cannot omit expressing publicly our gratification at the manner in which his house is managed, and the effort he used to promote the comfort of those who call on him. We have always found his table bountifully supplied with the best fare to be found in the market, and prepared in such a manner as would delight the palate of the most fastidious. His rooms are always in good order, and well furnished. His servants are dutiful and attentive; and to crown all, the host himself is ever present to anticipate your slightest want and to render your condition as pleasant as possible. We have no where found so good ac commodations; and to those who, like ourselves, are plain farmers, the *Planters' & Mechanics'* is the house to be preferred. In attention to horses, a matter which we farmers look to, our friend LETSON sees that nothing is wanting. He knows how to have them cared for, and sees that it is done.

To those of our friends who may have to lodge in Chester, we would recommend a trial of the hospitality of this House; for we believe that a better House is not to be found in the country. We make this communication unsolicited, and solely with the view to inform our friends where good quarters are to be had.

C. & S.

March 16. 11 tf

5000 lbs. Swedish Iron.

10,000 lbs. Iron, from the King's Mountain Iron Works. Just received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Feb. 23 8 tf

Brawley & Alexander

ARE prepared to make liberal advances on Cotton, consigned through them to any responsible house in Charleston.

N. B. Exchange bought and sold on Charleson, Baltimore, New York, Mobile or New Oreans.

J. H. WALKER'S

King's Mountain Hotel.

YORKVILLE, S. C.

THE Subscriber having now built, a large brick addition to his heretofore large and commodious House, situated in the heart of business, on the main street, will be prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. The whole establishment is being thoroughly re-fitted, and as no pains will be spared to furnish the table with the best of the season, he trusts by strict personal attention to the comfort of his visitors, to merit their favor.

HIS STABLES are also large and comfortable, always supplied with the best quality of Grain and Provender, with trusty and attentive 'Ostlers.

DROVERS can be accommodated with convenient lots, on reasonable terms.

An Om bus runs regularly to and from the Railroad Depot, while the Livery Stables afford every convenience to travellers wishing to visit the several Springs, or any adjacent towns or Districts.

With the preparations he has made, and is making, the Subscriber thinks his house will prove what is so much desired by the Traveller—convenience and comfort, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Please remember "*Walker's Hotel,*" when you visit Yorkville *first*, and he will endeavor to merit your recollection ever after.

Mar 30 13 3t

HOWERTON'S HOTEL.

CHESTER, S. C.

THE undersigned having leased the House formerly and favorably known as the "Kennedy House," wishes to inform the citizens of Chester, and travelling public generally, that he intends keeping

One of the best Houses,

in the up country, and earnestly solicits their patronage, guaranteeing that nothing shall be wanting, and no one shall leave dissatisfied. Gentlemen attending Courts are particularly invited to this House, as its close proximity to the Court House renders it quite convenient.

THE TABLES will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

The Bar and Oyster Saloon,

attached to the House, is kept in the most modern style by experienced men.

THE STABLES are large and commodious, and always well supplied with the best of Hay and Grain. The best of Hostlers always in attendance.

JNO. T. HOWERTON, *Proprietor.*

Dec. 8 49-tf

LIVERY STABLE NOTICE.

THE Livery Stables formerly kept by Sledge & Pagan, and lately by Foster & Pagan, will hereafter be known as

Foster's Livery and Sale Stables.

Orders for Horses, Buggies and Carriages, Draying, Omnibus to Depot, or any other business in the Livery Line, will receive prompt attention by applying to

GEO. G. FOSTER, *Proprietor.*

DROVERS can be accommodated on reasonable terms.

G. G. F. can always be found at the Howerton Hotel or at the Stable.

March 9 10 tf

VALUABLE PLANTATION FOR SALE

IN YORK DISTRICT.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his Plantatation, situated on Fishing Creek, bonnded by lands of Eli Moore, J Smith, Wm. Erwin and others. There are 233 acres in the Tract, 100 of which is cleared and under good fence. There is on the place a comfortable Dwelling House and all necessary out buildings, with good spring water. It is about 3 miles from the Charlotte Rail Road, and about the same distance from the King's Mountain. Persons wishing to purchase, can receive all necessary information from the subscriber, living on Lincoln road to Chester, near Joel Joiner's or by letter addressed to him, at Yorkville, S. C.

JOSEPH C. JOHNSTON.

Nov. 17 46 tf

A New Supply of

Fine Jewelry.

THE subscriber has just received direct from the North, a fine and extensive stock of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c.

Persons who may wish to purchase articles in his line, would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident that he can satisfy the most fastidious, both as regards price, quality and durability.

He places his articles at the smallest profit, and must therefore exact the Cash when sold.

REPAIRING done, neatly and cheaply.

All work warranted for twelve months; and if failing to answer the purpose, will be taken back and ample satisfaction given.

H. FABIAN.

March 9 10 tf

Cotton Gins.

THE subscriber wishes to inform the Cotton Planters that he is still engaged in the manufacture of Cotton Gins, in Chesterville, and would be glad to receive a call from any who may wish to purchase. His gins are warranted to be of the most superior kind, and made of the best material, with the fire-proof box or common box, according to order. Repairing done in the best manner, at short notice.

Trashing Machines of different kinds and Wheat Fans, made and repaired.

JAMES AIKIN.

March 16 11 tf

⁂The Yorkville Miscellany, Charlotte Whig. and Lincoln Republican, will publish 4 times and forward accounts.

Farmers Look to Your Interests!!

THE Gardner and Complete Florist: New American Gardner, by Fessenden; Smith's Productive Farming; Popular Vegetable Physiology; Treatise on the Vine; Silk Growers Guide; Downing's Fruit and Fruit Trees; Stock Raisers Manuel; Cobbett's Cottage Economy; Youatt on the Horse, Hinds' Farrier; Mason's Farrier and Stud Book, with many other valuable and useful works. Just received and for sale by

JNO. McKEE.

Dec. 1 48-tf

Superfine Flour.

SEND and get your Flour while it is low. It may be found at the store of

JAS. PAGAN & CO.

WHEAT AND CORN MILL.

THE undersigned has attached to his Mills at this place the most approved machinery for the manufacture of FLOUR, and is prepared to furnish an article of as good quality as can be had in this market.

He will grind Wheat regularly on every Thursday, and Corn as heretofore, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

N. R. EAVES.

Feb. 4, 1852. 5

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37 Cents a Bushel!

200 BUSHELS choice Irish Potatoes, at the above price, for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

March 23 tf

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

BROWNING & LEMAN, formerly of and successors to C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co. would respectfully call the attention of their Customers and others visiting Charleston, to their assortment of DRY GOODS now opening, which will be found more complete than has ever before been offered in that City.

All articles in their line have been manufactured expressly to order, Imported Direct, and will be warranted to prove as represented.

The ONE PRICE SYSTEM will be rigidly adhered to and purchasers may depend upon every article being priced as low as they can be procured in any City in the United States.

Particular attention is requested to their departments of

Silk and Fancy Dress Goods,

Embroiderings, Carpeting, Blankets and Plantation Woollens.

——ALSO:——

Sheetings and Shirting Linens, Table Damasks, Diapers, Towellings, Napkins, Doylies, &c.; together with every variety of

Long Cloths, Cotton Sheetings and Hosiery of all kinds.

Terms CASH or City acceptance.

BROWNING & LEMAN.

209 and 211 King Street, corner of Market, Charleston, S. C.

Sept. 29 38 1y

Head-Quarters, 6th Brigade, S. C. M.
WINNSBORO', July 6, 1852.

Order No. —

THE following officers constitute the Brigade Staff, 6th Brigade, S. C. Militia, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly:

THOMAS S. MILLS, *Brigade Major*, rank of Major.—P. O., Chester, S. C.

JAMES BEATY, *Brigade Inspector*, rank of Major. P. O., Gladden's Grove, S. C.

C. D. MELTON, *Brigade Judge Advocate*, rank of Major.—P. O., Chester, S. C.

ISAAC M. AIKEN, *Brigade Paymaster*, rank of Captain.—P. O., Winnsboro'.

JOHN ROBERTSON, *Brigade Quarter-Master* rank of Captain.—P. O. Longtown, S. C.

W. D. CHISHOLM, *Aid-de-Camp*, rank of Captain.—P. O., Chester, S. C.

JNO. T. LOWRY, *Aid-de-Camp*, rank of Captain. P. O., Brattonsville, S. C.

Ry order of Brig'r. Gen'l.

THOS. S. MILLS,
Brigade Major.

July 14

South Carolina.—Chester District.

IN EQUITY.

Charles B. Smith vs. Moses Cowley, *et al.* } *Petition to attach funds.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Moses Cowley, defendant in the above stated case, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is, therefore, on motion of Dawkins and Melton, Solicitors for Petitioner, Ordered, That the said defendant do plead, answer or demur to the matters set forth in the Petition in this case, within three months from the publication of this notice, otherwise judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against him.

JAMES HEMPHILL, C. E. C. D.

March 30 13 3m

South Carolina.—Chester District.

IN EQUITY.

John S. Wilson, Adm'r. vs. Mary Gaston, *et al.* } *Bill to Marshal Assets.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, that David Pressley and Sarah his wife, William Storment and Jane his wife, and Isabella Peden, Jr., Defendants in the above case, are absent from and beyond the limits of the State, on motion of McAliley & McLure, Plaintiffs Solicitors, it is ordered, that the above named Defendants do appear within three months from the publication of this notice, and plead, answer or demur to the said bill of complaint, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them.

JAMES HEMPHILL, C. E. C. D.

March 30 13 3m

South Carolina.—Chester District.

IN EQUITY.

Frederick Drewry, *et al.* vs. Charles Drewry, *et al.* } *Bill for Partition.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that Henderson Drewry, Thomas Drewry, John Hamilton Drewry, Lewis Drewry, and two children of Gideon Drewry, dec'd., Defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore on motion of McAliley & McLure, Comp. Sol., ordered that the said defendants do appear and plead, answer or demur, to the bill of complaint, within three months from the publication of this notice, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be entered against them.

JAMES HEMPHILL, C. E. C. D.

March 30 13 3m

South Carolina.—Chester District.

IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.

Thomas Barber, Daniel G. Barber, James H. Stroud and wife, *et al. vs.* Jas. B. Gilmer, *et al.*

WHEREAS, it has been shown to my satisfaction that James B. Gilmer, Administrator of the Estate of James R. Pickett, resides without the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that he do appear at the Court of Ordinary for said District, to be held at Chester C. H., on the third Monday of May next, to show cause if any he can, why the assets of the said estate should not be applied to the payment of applicant's demands.

{ L. S. } Given under my hand, and the Seal of my said office, at Chester C. H., this 4th February, 1853.

PETER WYLIE, O. C. D.

Feb. 9 6 3m

South Carolina.—Chester District.

IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.

In Re, Estate of Gardiner Jamieson, Jr., dec'd.

WHEREAS, it hath been satisfactorily shewn unto me, that David Jamieson, James Jamieson, James Jamieson and wife Mary, —— Smith and wife Nancy, —— Meek and wife Sarah, —— Smith and wife Jane, —— Pond and wife Mary Ann, Robert Anderson & Sam'l. David Anderson, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered that they do appear at the Ordinary's Court for said District to be held at Chester Court House, on the second Monday in May next, to shew cause, if they can, why the proceeds of Real Estate of said Gardner Jamieson, dec'd., should not be applied to the payment of applicants' demands.

{ L. S. } Given under my hand and the Seal of my said Office, at Chester C. H., this 7th of February, 1853.

PETER WYLIE, O. C. D.

Feb. 9 6 3m

Valuable River Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale his tract of River Lands, situated in York District, on Catawba River, 5 miles below the bridge of the Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road. The Tract contains 984 acres, about 200 of which are river and creek bottoms, and about 600 woodland, well timbered. The place is well improved with two story frame dwelling, good out-buildings, Gin House, &c.

The plantation is a very desirable one, and the subscriber would be pleased that any one wishing to purchase would call and examine it.

DAVID J. RICE.

Oct. 8 41-tf

THE ROAD TO HEALTH!

Holloway's Pills.

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND BAD DIGESTION.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7 Prescott-street, Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY:

Sir,—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our sale list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any enquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the virulence of the attack was so alarming, and the inflammation set in so severely, that doubts were entertained of her not being able to bear up under it; fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three Boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above from the *severity of the attack*, and the *speedy* cure, I think, speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills.

Signed, R. W. KIRKUS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF RHEUMATIC FEVER IN VAN DIEMAN'S LAND.

Copy of a Letter inserted in the Hobart Town Courier, of the 1st March, 1851, by Major J. Walch.

Margaret M'Connigan, nineteen years of age, residing at New Town, had been suffering from a violent rheumatic fever for upwards of two months, which had entirely deprived her of the use of her limbs; during this period she was under the care of the most eminent medical men in Hobart Town, and by them her case was considered hopeless. A friend prevailed upon her to try Holloway's celebrated Pills, which she consented to do, and in an incredible short space of time they effected a perfect cure.

CURE OF A PAIN AND TIGHTNESS IN THE CHEST AND STOMACH OF A PERSON 84 YEARS OF AGE.

From Messrs. Thew & Son. Proprietors of the Lynn, Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.—August 2d, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Holloway's Pills. For some years I suffered severely from a pain and tightness in the stomach which was also accompanied by a shortness of breath, that prevented me from walking about. I am 84 years of age, and notwithstanding my advanced state of life, these pills have so relieved me that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means, comparatively active, and can take exercise without inconvenience or pain, which I could not do before.

Signed, HENRY COE, North-st., Lynn Norfolk.

WONDERFUL EFFICACY OF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS IN CASES OF DROPSY.

Persons suffering from Dropsy, either about the turn of life, or at other times, should immediately have recourse to these Pills. as hundreds of persons are annually cured, by their use, of this direful complaint in its different stages, when all other means had failed.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, or King's Evil, Stone and Gravel, Secondary Symptoms, Sore Throats, Tic Douloureux, Tumors, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c., &c.

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY. 244 Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the British Empire and of those of the United States, in boxes at 37½c., 87c., and $1.50 each. Wholesale by the principal Drug Stores in the Union, and by Messrs. A. B. & D. SANDS, New York.

☞There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to the box.

For sale by P. M. COHEN & CO., Agents, 29 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C.

☞Sold by J. A. REEDY, Chester, S. C.

March 16 11 1y

Jew David's Hebrew Plaster.

THE great remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Pain in the Side, Hip, Back, Limbs and Joints, Scrofula, King's Evil, White Swelling, Hard Tumors, Stiff Joints and all fixed pains whatever.

Where this Plaster is applied, Pain cannot exist. It has been beneficial in cases of weakness, such as Pain and Weakness in the Stomach, Weak Limbs, Lameness, Affection of the Lungs in their primary stages. It destroys inflammation by perspiration.

The following commendation is from an agent residing at Trenton, Tennessee:

Trenton, Gibson Co., Tennessee, Nov. 7, '48.

MESSRS. SCOVIL & MEAD—Gentlemen: The Hebrew Plaster is becoming popular in this section — There is a lady in this county who says she would not be without this Plaster for five hundred dollars a year. She was afflicted for some time with an enlargement of the spleen, which gave her a great deal of pain — The swelling and pain had extended up nearly to the armpit, and occasionlly she could scarcely breathe. She was confined for a considerable time, during which she was attended by some of our best physicians, but they gave her no relief. She procured a box of the Hebrew Plaster, and it relieved her almost immediately, and now she keeps a supply of it on hand constantly. These facts you are at liberty to use as you think proper—they are substantially true.

Respectfully, yours, &c,

JESSE J. WELLS.

Beware of counterfeits and base imitations. Dealers and purchasers generally are cautioned against buying of any but our regular agents; otherwise they will be imposed upon with a worthless article, as many base counterfeits of this Plaster are in existence.

REMEMBER!

The genuine is sold only by us, and our advertised Agents throughout the South. No Pedlar is allowed to sell it. In future the genuine will have the signature of E. TAYLOR on the new steel-plate engraved label on the top of each box; to counterfeit which will be prosecuted as forgery.

SCOVIL & MEAD.

111 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Sole General Agents for the Southern States, to whom all orders and applications for agencies must be addressed. Sold by

A. P. WYLIE,
Druggist, Chester, S. C.

M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS

Have now become the great Specific for Hepatitis or derangement of the liver, in its most complicated forms. This medicine has done an immense amount of good in curing this fearful disease, so common throughout the United States, and as evidence of its efficacy, we will state that it is superceding every other remedy. The demand for this certain cure is unprecedented. Orders for it are coming in from all quarters, and every mail brings something of the following tenor:

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio, Jan 1851.

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co.—We are nearly out of McLane's Pills. It would be well to keep us supplied, as there is a great demand for them in our place.

OGIER & CLARK.

This valuable medicine may be had at

A. P. WYLIE'S
Drugstore, Chester, S. C.

M'LANE'S WORM VERMIFUGE.

The following order shows at once the demand for and the excellence of this great medicine. Certificates have been so multiplied in favor of this Vermifuge, that we consider it unnecessary to add any more.

BOONVILLE, Ind. June 3, 1851.

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co.—Your agent, when here, left with us 12 dozen bottles M'Lane's Vermifuge, which is nearly all sold. Please send quickly 12 dozen more, as we do not want to get out of it; for we consider it the best Vermifuge ever used in this part of the country.

G. F. & J. B. HUDSPETH.

Sold by A. P. WYLIE, Druggist, Chester, S. C.
" W. A. Morrison & Co., Winnsboro'.
" Keenan & McLure, Unionville,
" Borrett & Withers, Yorkville.

And by one agent in every town in the South.

May 5 18

Read and Remember!

THAT all persons indebted to the undersigned will, after the 1st February, '53 find their Notes and accounts with W. A. Walker, Esq., for collection, *without exception of persons.*

W. M. NICHOLSON.

Nov 24 47 tf